SENATE BILL NO. 280

96TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY SENATORS PURGASON, LAGER AND RICHARD.

Read 1st time February 15, 2011, and ordered printed.

1537S.01I

TERRY L. SPIELER, Secretary.

AN ACT

To repeal sections 32.115, 99.1205, 100.286, 100.297, 100.850, 135.010, 135.025, 135.030, 135.150, 135.300, 135.305, 135.307, 135.309, 135.311, 135.313, 135.327, 135.352, 135.460, 135.487, 135.490, 135.535, 135.550, 135.562, 135.575, 135.600, 135.630, 135.700, 135.750, 135.967, 135.1150, 137.1018, 143.119, 143.471, 148.064, 148.400, 208.770, 253.550, 253.557, 253.559, 348.430, 348.432, 348.505, 375.774, 376.745, 376.975, 447.708, 620.495, 620.1881, and 660.055, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof thirty-eight new sections relating to tax credits.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 32.115, 99.1205, 100.286, 100.297, 100.850, 135.010,

- 2 135.025, 135.030, 135.150, 135.300, 135.305, 135.307, 135.309, 135.311, 135.313,
- 3 135.327, 135.352, 135.460, 135.487, 135.490, 135.535, 135.550, 135.562, 135.575,
- 4 135.600, 135.630, 135.700, 135.750, 135.967, 135.1150, 137.1018, 143.119,
- 5 143.471, 148.064, 148.400, 208.770, 253.550, 253.557, 253.559, 348.430, 348.432,
- 6 348.505, 375.774, 376.745, 376.975, 447.708, 620.495, 620.1881, and 660.055,
- 7 RSMo, are repealed and thirty-eight new sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be
- 8 known as sections 32.115, 99.1205, 100.286, 100.297, 100.850, 135.010, 135.025,
- 9 135.030, 135.150, 135.327, 135.352, 135.460, 135.487, 135.490, 135.550, 135.562,
- 10 135.575, 135.600, 135.630, 135.967, 135.1150, 137.1018, 143.471, 148.064,
- $11 \quad 148.400, \, 208.770, \, 253.550, \, 253.557, \, 253.559, \, 348.430, \, 348.432, \, 348.505, \, 375.774, \,$
- 12 376.745, 376.975, 447.708, 620.1881, and 660.055, to read as follows:
 - 32.115. 1. The department of revenue shall grant a tax credit, to be
- 2 applied in the following order until used, against:
- 3 (1) The annual tax on gross premium receipts of insurance companies in

EXPLANATION—Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in this bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

- 4 chapter 148;
- 5 (2) The tax on banks determined pursuant to subdivision (2) of subsection
- 6 2 of section 148.030;
- 7 (3) The tax on banks determined in subdivision (1) of subsection 2 of 8 section 148.030;
- 9 (4) The tax on other financial institutions in chapter 148;
- 10 (5) The corporation franchise tax in chapter 147;
- 11 (6) The state income tax in chapter 143; and
- 12 (7) The annual tax on gross receipts of express companies in chapter 153.
- 13 2. For proposals approved pursuant to section 32.110:
- 14 (1) For all taxable years ending on or before December 31, 2011,
- 15 the amount of the tax credit shall not exceed fifty percent of the total amount
- 16 contributed during the taxable year by the business firm or, in the case of a
- 17 financial institution, where applicable, during the relevant income period in
- 18 programs approved pursuant to section 32.110. For all taxable years
- 19 beginning on or after January 1, 2012, the amount of the tax credit
- 20 shall not exceed thirty-five percent of the total amount contributed
- 21 during the taxable year by the business firm or, in the case of a
- 22 financial institution, where applicable, during the relevant income
- 23 period in programs approved pursuant to section 32.110;
- 24 (2) Except as provided in subsection 2 or 5 of this section, a tax credit of
- 25 up to seventy percent may be allowed for contributions to programs where
- 26 activities fall within the scope of special program priorities as defined with the
- 27 approval of the governor in regulations promulgated by the director of the
- 28 department of economic development;
- 29 (3) Except as provided in subsection 2 or 5 of this section, the tax credit
- 30 allowed for contributions to programs located in any community shall be equal to
- 31 seventy percent of the total amount contributed where such community is a city,
- 32 town or village which has fifteen thousand or less inhabitants as of the last
- 33 decennial census and is located in a county which is either located in:
- 34 (a) An area that is not part of a standard metropolitan statistical area;
- 35 (b) A standard metropolitan statistical area but such county has only one
- 36 city, town or village which has more than fifteen thousand inhabitants; or
- 37 (c) A standard metropolitan statistical area and a substantial number of
- 38 persons in such county derive their income from agriculture. Such community
- 39 may also be in an unincorporated area in such county as provided in subdivision

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40 (1), (2) or (3) of this subsection. Except in no case shall the total economic benefit 41 of the combined federal and state tax savings to the taxpayer exceed the amount 42 contributed by the taxpayer during the tax year;

- (4) Such tax credit allocation, equal to seventy percent of the total amount contributed, shall not exceed four million dollars in fiscal year 1999 and six million dollars in fiscal year 2000 and any subsequent fiscal year. When the maximum dollar limit on the seventy percent tax credit allocation is committed, the tax credit allocation for such programs shall then be equal to fifty percent credit of the total amount contributed. Regulations establishing special program priorities are to be promulgated during the first month of each fiscal year and at such times during the year as the public interest dictates. Such credit shall not exceed two hundred and fifty thousand dollars annually except as provided in subdivision (5) of this subsection. No tax credit shall be approved for any bank, bank and trust company, insurance company, trust company, national bank, savings association, or building and loan association for activities that are a part of its normal course of business. Any tax credit not used in the period the contribution was made may be carried over the next five succeeding calendar or fiscal years until the full credit has been claimed. Except as otherwise provided for proposals approved pursuant to section 32.111, 32.112 or 32.117, in no event shall the total amount of all other tax credits allowed pursuant to sections 32.100 to 32.125 exceed thirty-two million dollars in any one fiscal year, of which six million shall be credits allowed pursuant to section 135.460. If six million dollars in credits are not approved, then the remaining credits may be used for programs approved pursuant to sections 32.100 to 32.125;
- (5) The credit may exceed two hundred fifty thousand dollars annually and shall not be limited if community services, crime prevention, education, job training, physical revitalization or economic development, as defined by section 32.105, is rendered in an area defined by federal or state law as an impoverished, economically distressed, or blighted area or as a neighborhood experiencing problems endangering its existence as a viable and stable neighborhood, or if the community services, crime prevention, education, job training, physical revitalization or economic development is limited to impoverished persons.
 - 3. For proposals approved pursuant to section 32.111:
- 73 (1) For all taxable years ending on or before December 31, 2011, 74 the amount of the tax credit shall not exceed fifty-five percent of the total amount 75 invested in affordable housing assistance activities or market rate housing in

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distressed communities as defined in section 135.530 by a business firm. For all taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2012, the amount of the tax credit shall not exceed forty percent of the total amount invested 78 in affordable housing assistance activities or market rate housing in 79 distressed communities as defined in section 135.530 by a business 80 firm. Whenever such investment is made in the form of an equity investment or a loan, as opposed to a donation alone, tax credits may be claimed only where the loan or equity investment is accompanied by a donation which is eligible for federal income tax charitable deduction, and where the total value of the tax 84 credits herein plus the value of the federal income tax charitable deduction is less than or equal to the value of the donation. Any tax credit not used in the period for which the credit was approved may be carried over the next ten succeeding 88 calendar or fiscal years until the full credit has been allowed. If the affordable housing units or market rate housing units in distressed communities for which 89 a tax is claimed are within a larger structure, parts of which are not the subject of a tax credit claim, then expenditures applicable to the entire structure shall be reduced on a prorated basis in proportion to the ratio of the number of square feet devoted to the affordable housing units or market rate housing units in 93 distressed communities, for purposes of determining the amount of the tax credit. The total amount of tax credit granted for programs approved pursuant 96 to section 32.111 for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 1991, shall not exceed two million dollars, to be increased by no more than two million dollars each succeeding fiscal year, until the total tax credits that may be approved reaches ten million dollars in any fiscal year;

- (2) For any year during the compliance period indicated in the land use restriction agreement, the owner of the affordable housing rental units for which a credit is being claimed shall certify to the commission that all tenants renting claimed units are income eligible for affordable housing units and that the rentals for each claimed unit are in compliance with the provisions of sections 32.100 to 32.125. The commission is authorized, in its discretion, to audit the records and accounts of the owner to verify such certification;
- (3) In the case of owner-occupied affordable housing units, the qualifying owner occupant shall, before the end of the first year in which credits are claimed, certify to the commission that the occupant is income eligible during the preceding two years, and at the time of the initial purchase contract, but not thereafter. The qualifying owner occupant shall further certify to the commission,

before the end of the first year in which credits are claimed, that during the compliance period indicated in the land use restriction agreement, the cost of the affordable housing unit to the occupant for the claimed unit can reasonably be projected to be in compliance with the provisions of sections 32.100 to 32.125. Any succeeding owner occupant acquiring the affordable housing unit during the compliance period indicated in the land use restriction agreement shall make the same certification;

- (4) If at any time during the compliance period the commission determines a project for which a proposal has been approved is not in compliance with the applicable provisions of sections 32.100 to 32.125 or rules promulgated therefor, the commission may within one hundred fifty days of notice to the owner either seek injunctive enforcement action against the owner, or seek legal damages against the owner representing the value of the tax credits, or foreclose on the lien in the land use restriction agreement, selling the project at a public sale, and paying to the owner the proceeds of the sale, less the costs of the sale and less the value of all tax credits allowed herein. The commission shall remit to the director of revenue the portion of the legal damages collected or the sale proceeds representing the value of the tax credits. However, except in the event of intentional fraud by the taxpayer, the proposal's certificate of eligibility for tax credits shall not be revoked.
- 4. For all taxable years ending on or before December 31, 2011, for proposals approved pursuant to section 32.112, the amount of the tax credit shall not exceed fifty-five percent of the total amount contributed to a neighborhood organization by business firms. For all taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2012, for proposals approved pursuant to section 32.112, the amount of the tax credit shall not exceed forty percent of the total amount contributed to a neighborhood organization by business firms. Any tax credit not used in the period for which the credit was approved may be carried over the next ten succeeding calendar or fiscal years until the full credit has been allowed. The total amount of tax credit granted for programs approved pursuant to section 32.112 shall not exceed one million dollars for each fiscal year.
 - 5. The total amount of tax credits used for market rate housing in distressed communities pursuant to sections 32.100 to 32.125 shall not exceed thirty percent of the total amount of all tax credits authorized pursuant to sections 32.111 and 32.112.

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6. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, no tax credits provided under sections 32.100 to 32.125 shall be authorized on or after August 28, 2015. The provisions of this subsection shall not be construed to limit or in any way impair the department's ability to issue tax credits authorized prior to August 28, 2015, or a taxpayer's ability to redeem such tax credits.

99.1205. 1. This section shall be known and may be cited as the "Distressed Areas Land Assemblage Tax Credit Act".

- 2. As used in this section, the following terms mean:
- 4 (1) "Acquisition costs", the purchase price for the eligible parcel, costs of environmental assessments, closing costs, real estate brokerage fees, reasonable demolition costs of vacant structures, and reasonable maintenance costs incurred to maintain an acquired eligible parcel for a period of five years after the acquisition of such eligible parcel. Acquisition costs shall not include costs for title insurance and survey, attorney's fees, relocation costs, fines, or bills from a municipality;
- 11 (2) "Applicant", any person, firm, partnership, trust, limited liability 12 company, or corporation which has:
- 13 (a) Incurred, within an eligible project area, acquisition costs for the 14 acquisition of land sufficient to satisfy the requirements under subdivision (8) of 15 this subsection; and
 - (b) Been appointed or selected, pursuant to a redevelopment agreement by a municipal authority, as a redeveloper or similar designation, under an economic incentive law, to redevelop an urban renewal area or a redevelopment area that includes all of an eligible project area or whose redevelopment plan or redevelopment area, which encompasses all of an eligible project area, has been approved or adopted under an economic incentive law. In addition to being designated the redeveloper, the applicant shall have been designated to receive economic incentives only after the municipal authority has considered the amount of the tax credits in adopting such economic incentives as provided in subsection 8 of this section. The redevelopment agreement shall provide that:
- a. The funds generated through the use or sale of the tax credits issued under this section shall be used to redevelop the eligible project area;
- b. No more than seventy-five percent of the urban renewal area identified in the urban renewal plan or the redevelopment area identified in the redevelopment plan may be redeveloped by the applicant; and

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31 c. The remainder of the urban renewal area or the redevelopment area 32 shall be redeveloped by co-redevelopers or redevelopers to whom the applicant has assigned its redevelopment rights and obligations under the urban renewal 33 34 plan or the redevelopment plan;

- (3) "Certificate", a tax credit certificate issued under this section;
- 36 (4) "Condemnation proceedings", any action taken by, or on behalf of, an applicant to initiate an action in a court of competent jurisdiction to use the 37 38 power of eminent domain to acquire a parcel within the eligible project 39 area. Condemnation proceedings shall include any and all actions taken after the submission of a notice of intended acquisition to an owner of a parcel within the 40 eligible project area by a municipal authority or any other person or entity under 41 section 523.250; 42
 - (5) "Department", the Missouri department of economic development;
- (6) "Economic incentive laws", any provision of Missouri law pursuant to 44 which economic incentives are provided to redevelopers of a parcel or parcels to 45 redevelop the land, such as tax abatement or payments in lieu of taxes, or 46 redevelopment plans or redevelopment projects approved or adopted which 47 include the use of economic incentives to redevelop the land. Economic incentive 48 laws include, but are not limited to, the land clearance for redevelopment 49 50authority law under sections 99.300 to 99.660, the real property tax increment 51 allocation redevelopment act under sections 99.800 to 99.865, the Missouri downtown and rural economic stimulus act under sections 99.915 to 99.1060, and 5253 the downtown revitalization preservation program under sections 99.1080 to 54 99.1092;
 - (7) "Eligible parcel", a parcel:
 - (a) Which is located within an eligible project area;
- (b) Which is to be redeveloped; 57
- 58 (c) On which the applicant has not commenced construction prior to 59 November 28, 2007;
- 60 (d) Which has been acquired without the commencement of any 61 condemnation proceedings with respect to such parcel brought by or on behalf of 62 the applicant. Any parcel acquired by the applicant from a municipal authority 63 shall not constitute an eligible parcel; and
- 64 (e) On which all outstanding taxes, fines, and bills levied by municipal governments that were levied by the municipality during the time period that the applicant held title to the eligible parcel have been paid in full;

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- 67 (8) "Eligible project area", an area which shall have satisfied the following 68 requirements:
- 69 (a) The eligible project area shall consist of at least seventy-five acres and
 70 may include parcels within its boundaries that do not constitute an eligible
 71 parcel;
- 72 (b) At least eighty percent of the eligible project area shall be located 73 within a Missouri qualified census tract area, as designated by the United States 74 Department of Housing and Urban Development under 26 U.S.C. Section 42, or 75 within a distressed community as that term is defined in section 135.530;
- 76 (c) The eligible parcels acquired by the applicant within the eligible 77 project area shall total at least fifty acres, which may consist of contiguous and 78 noncontiguous parcels;
- 79 (d) The average number of parcels per acre in an eligible project area 80 shall be four or more;
- 81 (e) Less than five percent of the acreage within the boundaries of the 82 eligible project area shall consist of owner-occupied residences which the 83 applicant has identified for acquisition under the urban renewal plan or the 84 redevelopment plan pursuant to which the applicant was appointed or selected 85 as the redeveloper or by which the person or entity was qualified as an applicant 86 under this section on the date of the approval or adoption of such plan;
 - (9) "Interest costs", interest, loan fees, and closing costs. Interest costs shall not include attorney's fees;
 - (10) "Maintenance costs", costs of boarding up and securing vacant structures, costs of removing trash, and costs of cutting grass and weeds;
- 91 (11) "Municipal authority", any city, town, village, county, public body 92 corporate and politic, political subdivision, or land trust of this state established 93 and authorized to own land within the state;
 - (12) "Municipality", any city, town, village, or county;
- 95 (13) "Parcel", a single lot or tract of land, and the improvements thereon, 96 owned by, or recorded as the property of, one or more persons or entities;
 - (14) "Redeveloped", the process of undertaking and carrying out a redevelopment plan or urban renewal plan pursuant to which the conditions which provided the basis for an eligible project area to be included in a redevelopment plan or urban renewal plan are to be reduced or eliminated by redevelopment or rehabilitation; and
- 102 (15) "Redevelopment agreement", the redevelopment agreement or similar

agreement into which the applicant entered with a municipal authority and which is the agreement for the implementation of the urban renewal plan or redevelopment plan pursuant to which the applicant was appointed or selected as the redeveloper or by which the person or entity was qualified as an applicant under this section; and such appointment or selection shall have been approved by an ordinance of the governing body of the municipality, or municipalities, or in the case of any city not within a county, the board of aldermen, in which the eligible project area is located. The redevelopment agreement shall include a time line for redevelopment of the eligible project area. The redevelopment agreement shall state that the named developer shall be subject to the provisions of chapter 290.

- 3. Any applicant shall be entitled to a tax credit against the taxes imposed under chapters 143, 147, and 148, except for sections 143.191 to 143.265, in an amount equal to fifty percent of the acquisition costs, and one hundred percent of the interest costs incurred for a period of five years after the acquisition of an eligible parcel. No tax credits shall be issued under this section until after January 1, 2008. No new applications for certificates shall be approved after August 28, 2011.
- 4. If the amount of such tax credit exceeds the total tax liability for the year in which the applicant is entitled to receive a tax credit, the amount that exceeds the state tax liability may be carried forward for credit against the taxes imposed under chapters 143, 147, and 148 for the succeeding six years, or until the full credit is used, whichever occurs first. The applicant shall not be entitled to a tax credit for taxes imposed under sections 143.191 to 143.265. Applicants entitled to receive such tax credits may transfer, sell, or assign the tax credits. Tax credits granted to a partnership, a limited liability company taxed as a partnership, or multiple owners of property shall be passed through to the partners, members, or owners respectively pro rata or pursuant to an executed agreement among the partners, members, or owners documenting an alternate distribution method.
- 5. A purchaser, transferee, or assignee of the tax credits authorized under this section may use acquired tax credits to offset up to one hundred percent of the tax liabilities otherwise imposed under chapters 143, 147, and 148, except for sections 143.191 to 143.265. A seller, transferor, or assignor shall perfect such transfer by notifying the department in writing within thirty calendar days following the effective date of the transfer and shall provide any information as

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may be required by the department to administer and carry out the provisions of this section.

- 6. To claim tax credits authorized under this section, an applicant shall submit to the department an application for a certificate. An applicant shall identify the boundaries of the eligible project area in the application. The department shall verify that the applicant has submitted a valid application in the form and format required by the department. The department shall verify that the municipal authority held the requisite hearings and gave the requisite notices for such hearings in accordance with the applicable economic incentive act, and municipal ordinances. On an annual basis, an applicant may file for the tax credit for the acquisition costs, and for the tax credit for the interest costs, subject to the limitations of this section. If an applicant applying for the tax credit meets the criteria required under this section, the department shall issue a certificate in the appropriate amount. If an applicant receives a tax credit for maintenance costs as a part of the applicant's acquisition costs, the department shall post on its Internet website the amount and type of maintenance costs and a description of the redevelopment project for which the applicant received a tax credit within thirty days after the department issues the certificate to the applicant.
- 7. The total aggregate amount of tax credits authorized under this section shall not exceed ninety-five million dollars. At no time shall the annual amount of the tax credits issued under this section exceed twenty million dollars. If the tax credits that are to be issued under this section exceed, in any year, the twenty million dollar limitation, the department shall either:
- (1) Issue tax credits to the applicant in the amount of twenty million dollars, if there is only one applicant entitled to receive tax credits in that year; or
- (2) Issue the tax credits on a pro rata basis to all applicants entitled to receive tax credits in that year. Any amount of tax credits, which an applicant is, or applicants are, entitled to receive on an annual basis and are not issued due to the twenty million dollar limitation, shall be carried forward for the benefit of the applicant or applicants to subsequent years. No tax credits provided under this section shall be authorized after August 28, 2013. Any tax credits which have been authorized on or before August 28, 2013, but not issued, may be issued, subject to the limitations provided under this subsection, until all such authorized tax credits have been issued.

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175 8. Upon issuance of any tax credits pursuant to this section, the 176 department shall report to the municipal authority the applicant's name and address, the parcel numbers of the eligible parcels for which the tax credits were 177 178 issued, the itemized acquisition costs and interest costs for which tax credits were issued, and the total value of the tax credits issued. The municipal authority and 179 180 the state shall not consider the amount of the tax credits as an applicant's cost, 181 but shall include the tax credits in any sources and uses and cost benefit analysis 182 reviewed or created for the purpose of awarding other economic incentives. The 183 amount of the tax credits shall not be considered an applicant's cost in the evaluation of the amount of any award of any other economic incentives, but shall 184 185 be considered in measuring the reasonableness of the rate of return to the applicant with respect to such award of other economic incentives. The municipal 186 187 authority shall provide the report to any relevant commission, board, or entity 188 responsible for the evaluation and recommendation or approval of other economic incentives to assist in the redevelopment of the eligible project area. Tax credits 189 190 authorized under this section shall constitute redevelopment tax credits, as such 191 term is defined under section 135.800, and shall be subject to all provisions 192 applicable to redevelopment tax credits provided under sections 135.800 to 193 135.830.

9. The department may promulgate rules to implement the provisions of this section. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2007, shall be invalid and void.

100.286. 1. Within the discretion of the board, the development and reserve fund, the infrastructure development fund or the export finance fund may be pledged to secure the payment of any bonds or notes issued by the board, or to secure the payment of any loan made by the board or a participating lender which loan:

- (1) Is requested to finance any project or export trade activity;
- (2) Is requested by a borrower who is demonstrated to be financially

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- 9 (3) Can reasonably be expected to provide a benefit to the economy of this 10 state;
- 11 (4) Is otherwise secured by a mortgage or deed of trust on real or personal 12 property or other security satisfactory to the board; provided that loans to finance 13 export trade activities may be secured by export accounts receivable or 14 inventories of exportable goods satisfactory to the board;
- 15 (5) Does not exceed five million dollars;
- 16 (6) Does not have a term longer than five years if such loan is made to 17 finance export trade activities; and
- 18 (7) Is, when used to finance export trade activities, made to small or 19 medium size businesses or agricultural businesses, as may be defined by the 20 board.
 - 2. The board shall prescribe standards for the evaluation of the financial condition, business history, and qualifications of each borrower and the terms and conditions of loans which may be secured, and may require each application to include a financial report and evaluation by an independent certified public accounting firm, in addition to such examination and evaluation as may be conducted by any participating lender.
 - 3. Each application for a loan secured by the development and reserve fund, the infrastructure development fund or the export finance fund shall be reviewed in the first instance by any participating lender to whom the application was submitted. If satisfied that the standards prescribed by the board are met and that the loan is otherwise eligible to be secured by the development and reserve fund, the infrastructure development fund or the export finance fund, the participating lender shall certify the same and forward the application for final approval to the board.
 - 4. The securing of any loans by the development and reserve fund, the infrastructure development fund or the export finance fund shall be conditioned upon approval of the application by the board, and receipt of an annual reserve participation fee, as prescribed by the board, submitted by or on behalf of the borrower.
 - 5. The securing of any loan by the export finance fund for export trade activities shall be conditioned upon the board's compliance with any applicable treaties and international agreements, such as the general agreement on tariffs and trade and the subsidies code, to which the United States is then a party.

44 6. For any taxable year ending on or before December 31, 2011, 45 any taxpayer, including any charitable organization that is exempt from federal income tax and whose Missouri unrelated business taxable income, if any, would 46 47 be subject to the state income tax imposed under chapter 143, may, subject to the limitations provided under subsection 8 of this section, receive a tax credit 48 49 against any tax otherwise due under the provisions of chapter 143, excluding withholding tax imposed by sections 143.191 to 143.261, chapter 147, or chapter 50 148, in the amount of fifty percent of any amount contributed in money or 5152property by the taxpayer to the development and reserve fund, the infrastructure development fund or the export finance fund during the taxpayer's tax year, 53provided, however, the total tax credits awarded in any calendar year beginning 54after January 1, 1994, shall not be the greater of ten million dollars or five 55 percent of the average growth in general revenue receipts in the preceding three 56 fiscal years. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2012, any 57 taxpayer, including any charitable organization that is exempt from 58 59 federal income tax and whose Missouri unrelated business taxable 60 income, if any, would be subject to the state income tax imposed under chapter 143, may, subject to the limitations provided under subsection 61 8 of this section, receive a tax credit against any tax otherwise due 62under the provisions of chapter 143, excluding withholding tax imposed 63 by sections 143.191 to 143.261, chapter 147, or chapter 148, in the 64 amount of thirty-five percent of any amount contributed in money or 65 property by the taxpayer to the development and reserve fund, the 66 67 infrastructure development fund or the export finance fund during the taxpayer's tax year, provided, however, the total tax credits awarded 68 69 in any calendar year shall not be the greater of ten million dollars or 70 five percent of the average growth in general revenue receipts in the preceding three fiscal years. This limit may be exceeded only upon joint 7172agreement by the commissioner of administration, the director of the department of economic development, and the director of the department of revenue that such 73 action is essential to ensure retention or attraction of investment in Missouri. If 74the board receives, as a contribution, real property, the contributor at such 75contributor's own expense shall have two independent appraisals conducted by 76 appraisers certified by the Master Appraisal Institute. Both appraisals shall be 77submitted to the board, and the tax credit certified by the board to the 78 contributor shall be based upon the value of the lower of the two appraisals.

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The board shall not certify the tax credit until the property is deeded to the board. Such credit shall not apply to reserve participation fees paid by borrowers under sections 100.250 to 100.297. The portion of earned tax credits which exceeds the taxpayer's tax liability may be carried forward for up to five years.

- 7. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, any taxpayer may sell, assign, exchange, convey or otherwise transfer tax credits allowed in subsection 6 of this section under the terms and conditions prescribed in subdivisions (1) and (2) of this subsection. Such taxpayer, hereinafter the assignor for the purpose of this subsection, may sell, assign, exchange or otherwise transfer earned tax credits:
- 90 (1) For no less than seventy-five percent of the par value of such credits; 91 and
 - (2) In an amount not to exceed one hundred percent of annual earned credits. The taxpayer acquiring earned credits, hereinafter the assignee for the purpose of this subsection, may use the acquired credits to offset up to one hundred percent of the tax liabilities otherwise imposed by chapter 143, excluding withholding tax imposed by sections 143.191 to 143.261, chapter 147, or chapter 148. Unused credits in the hands of the assignee may be carried forward for up to five years, provided all such credits shall be claimed within ten years following the tax years in which the contribution was made. The assignor shall enter into a written agreement with the assignee establishing the terms and conditions of the agreement and shall perfect such transfer by notifying the board in writing within thirty calendar days following the effective day of the transfer and shall provide any information as may be required by the board to administer and carry out the provisions of this section. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, the amount received by the assignor of such tax credit shall be taxable as income of the assignor, and the excess of the par value of such credit over the amount paid by the assignee for such credit shall be taxable as income of the assignee.
 - 8. Provisions of subsections 1 to 7 of this section to the contrary notwithstanding, no more than ten million dollars in tax credits provided under this section, may be authorized or approved annually. The limitation on tax credit authorization and approval provided under this subsection may be exceeded only upon mutual agreement, evidenced by a signed and properly notarized letter, by the commissioner of the office of administration, the director of the department of economic development, and the director of the department of revenue that such

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116 action is essential to ensure retention or attraction of investment in Missouri 117 provided, however, that in no case shall more than twenty-five million dollars in tax credits be authorized or approved during such year. Taxpayers shall file, 118 119 with the board, an application for tax credits authorized under this section on a form provided by the board. The provisions of this subsection shall not be 120 121 construed to limit or in any way impair the ability of the board to authorize tax 122 credits for issuance for projects authorized or approved, by a vote of the board, on or before the thirtieth day following the effective date of this act, or a 123 124 taxpayer's ability to redeem such tax credits.

- 9. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, no tax credits provided under this section shall be authorized on or after August 28, 2015. The provisions of this subsection shall not be construed to limit or in any way impair the department's ability to issue tax credits authorized prior to August 28, 2015, or a taxpayer's ability to redeem such tax credits.
- 100.297. 1. The board may authorize a tax credit, as described in this section, to the owner of any revenue bonds or notes issued by the board pursuant to the provisions of sections 100.250 to 100.297, for infrastructure facilities as defined in subdivision (9) of section 100.255, if, prior to the issuance of such bonds or notes, the board determines that:
- 6 (1) The availability of such tax credit is a material inducement to the 7 undertaking of the project in the state of Missouri and to the sale of the bonds or 8 notes;
- 9 (2) The loan with respect to the project is adequately secured by a first deed of trust or mortgage or comparable lien, or other security satisfactory to the board.
- 2. Upon making the determinations specified in subsection 1 of this 12 section, the board may declare that each owner of an issue of revenue bonds or 13 notes shall be entitled, in lieu of any other deduction with respect to such bonds 14 or notes, to a tax credit against any tax otherwise due by such owner pursuant 15 to the provisions of chapter 143, excluding withholding tax imposed by sections 16 17 143.191 to 143.261, chapter 147, or chapter 148, in the amount of one hundred percent of the unpaid principal of and unpaid interest on such bonds or notes 18 held by such owner in the taxable year of such owner following the calendar year 20of the default of the loan by the borrower with respect to the project. The occurrence of a default shall be governed by documents authorizing the issuance 21

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22of the bonds. The tax credit allowed pursuant to this section shall be available 23 to the original owners of the bonds or notes or any subsequent owner or owners thereof. Once an owner is entitled to a claim, any such tax credits shall be 2425transferable as provided in subsection 7 of section 100.286. Notwithstanding any provision of Missouri law to the contrary, any portion of the tax credit to which 26 27any owner of a revenue bond or note is entitled pursuant to this section which exceeds the total income tax liability of such owner of a revenue bond or note 2829shall be carried forward and allowed as a credit against any future taxes imposed 30 on such owner within the next ten years pursuant to the provisions of chapter 143, excluding withholding tax imposed by sections 143.191 to 143.261, chapter 31 147, or chapter 148. The eligibility of the owner of any revenue bond or note 32issued pursuant to the provisions of sections 100.250 to 100.297 for the tax credit 33 provided by this section shall be expressly stated on the face of each such bond 3435 or note. The tax credit allowed pursuant to this section shall also be available 36 to any financial institution or guarantor which executes any credit facility as security for bonds issued pursuant to this section to the same extent as if such 37 financial institution or guarantor was an owner of the bonds or notes, provided 38 however, in such case the tax credits provided by this section shall be available 39 immediately following any default of the loan by the borrower with respect to the 40 41 project. In addition to reimbursing the financial institution or guarantor for 42claims relating to unpaid principal and interest, such claim may include payment of any unpaid fees imposed by such financial institution or guarantor for use of 43 44 the credit facility.

- 3. The aggregate principal amount of revenue bonds or notes outstanding at any time with respect to which the tax credit provided in this section shall be available shall not exceed fifty million dollars.
- 48 4. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, no tax
 49 credits provided under this section shall be authorized on or after
 50 August 28, 2015. The provisions of this subsection shall not be
 51 construed to limit or in any way impair the department's ability to
 52 issue tax credits authorized prior to August 28, 2015, or a taxpayer's
 53 ability to redeem such tax credits.

100.850. 1. The approved company shall remit to the board a job development assessment fee, not to exceed five percent of the gross wages of each eligible employee whose job was created as a result of the economic development project, or not to exceed ten percent if the economic development project is located

5 within a distressed community as defined in section 135.530, for the purpose of 6 retiring bonds which fund the economic development project.

- 2. Any approved company remitting an assessment as provided in subsection 1 of this section shall make its payroll books and records available to the board at such reasonable times as the board shall request and shall file with the board documentation respecting the assessment as the board may require.
- 11 3. Any assessment remitted pursuant to subsection 1 of this section shall 12 cease on the date the bonds are retired.
- 4. Any approved company which has paid an assessment for debt reduction shall be allowed a tax credit equal to the amount of the assessment. The tax credit may be claimed against taxes otherwise imposed by chapters 143 and 148, except withholding taxes imposed under the provisions of sections 143.191 to 143.265, which were incurred during the tax period in which the assessment was made.
 - 5. In no event shall the aggregate amount of tax credits authorized by subsection 4 of this section exceed twenty-five million dollars annually. Of such amount, nine hundred fifty thousand dollars shall be reserved for an approved project for a world headquarters of a business whose primary function is tax return preparation that is located in any home rule city with more than four hundred thousand inhabitants and located in more than one county, which amount reserved shall end in the year of the final maturity of the certificates issued for such approved project.
 - 6. The director of revenue shall issue a refund to the approved company to the extent that the amount of credits allowed in subsection 4 of this section exceeds the amount of the approved company's income tax.
 - 7. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, no tax credits provided under this section shall be authorized on or after August 28, 2015. The provisions of this subsection shall not be construed to limit or in any way impair the department's ability to issue tax credits authorized prior to August 28, 2015, or a taxpayer's ability to redeem such tax credits.

135.010. As used in sections 135.010 to 135.030 the following words and terms mean:

3 (1) "Claimant", a person or persons claiming a credit under sections
4 135.010 to 135.030. If the persons are eligible to file a joint federal income tax
5 return and reside at the same address at any time during the taxable year, then

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the credit may only be allowed if claimed on a combined Missouri income tax return or a combined claim return reporting their combined incomes and property taxes. A claimant shall not be allowed a property tax credit unless the claimant 9 or spouse has attained the age of sixty-five on or before the last day of the calendar year and the claimant or spouse was a resident of Missouri for the entire 10 11 year, or the claimant or spouse is a veteran of any branch of the armed forces of 12 the United States or this state who became one hundred percent disabled as a 13 result of such service, or the claimant or spouse is disabled as defined in 14 subdivision (2) of this section, and such claimant or spouse provides proof of such disability in such form and manner, and at such times, as the director of revenue 15 may require, or if the claimant has reached the age of sixty on or before the last 16 day of the calendar year and such claimant received surviving spouse Social 17Security benefits during the calendar year and the claimant provides proof, as 18 19 required by the director of revenue, that the claimant received surviving spouse Social Security benefits during the calendar year for which the credit will be 20 claimed. A claimant shall not be allowed a property tax credit if the claimant 2122 filed a valid claim for a credit under section 137.106 in the year following the 23year for which the property tax credit is claimed. The residency requirement shall be deemed to have been fulfilled for the purpose of determining the 2425eligibility of a surviving spouse for a property tax credit if a person of the age of 26 sixty-five years or older who would have otherwise met the requirements for a 27property tax credit dies before the last day of the calendar year. The residency 28requirement shall also be deemed to have been fulfilled for the purpose of 29 determining the eligibility of a claimant who would have otherwise met the requirements for a property tax credit but who dies before the last day of the 30 31 calendar year;

- (2) "Disabled", the inability to engage in any substantial gainful activity by reason of any medically determinable physical or mental impairment which can be expected to result in death or which has lasted or can be expected to last for a continuous period of not less than twelve months. A claimant shall not be required to be gainfully employed prior to such disability to qualify for a property tax credit;
- (3) ["Gross rent", amount paid by a claimant to a landlord for the rental, at arm's length, of a homestead during the calendar year, exclusive of charges for health and personal care services and food furnished as part of the rental agreement, whether or not expressly set out in the rental agreement. If the

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42 director of revenue determines that the landlord and tenant have not dealt at 43 arm's length, and that the gross rent is excessive, then he shall determine the gross rent based upon a reasonable amount of rent. Gross rent shall be deemed 44 45 to be paid only if actually paid prior to the date a return is filed. The director of revenue may prescribe regulations requiring a return of information by a landlord 46 47 receiving rent, certifying for a calendar year the amount of gross rent received from a tenant claiming a property tax credit and shall, by regulation, provide a 48 49 method for certification by the claimant of the amount of gross rent paid for any calendar year for which a claim is made. The regulations authorized by this 50 subdivision may require a landlord or a tenant or both to provide data relating 51to health and personal care services and to food. Neither a landlord nor a tenant 52may be required to provide data relating to utilities, furniture, home furnishings 53 54 or appliances;

- (4)] "Homestead", the dwelling in Missouri owned [or rented] by the claimant and not to exceed five acres of land surrounding it as is reasonably necessary for use of the dwelling as a home. It may consist of part of a multidwelling or multipurpose building and part of the land upon which it is built. "Owned" includes a vendee in possession under a land contract and one or more tenants by the entireties, joint tenants, or tenants in common and includes a claimant actually in possession if he was the immediate former owner of record, if a lineal descendant is presently the owner of record, and if the claimant actually pays all taxes upon the property. It may include a mobile home;
- [(5)] (4) "Income", Missouri adjusted gross income as defined in section 143.121 less two thousand dollars, or in the case of a homestead owned and occupied, for the entire year, by the claimant, less four thousand dollars as an exemption for the claimant's spouse residing at the same address, and increased, where necessary, to reflect the following:
- 69 (a) Social Security, railroad retirement, and veterans payments and
 70 benefits unless the claimant is a one hundred percent service-connected, disabled
 71 veteran or a spouse of a one hundred percent service-connected, disabled
 72 veteran. The one hundred percent service-connected disabled veteran shall not
 73 be required to list veterans payments and benefits;
- 74 (b) The total amount of all other public and private pensions and 75 annuities;
- 76 (c) Public relief, public assistance, and unemployment benefits received 77 in cash, other than benefits received under this chapter;

78 (d) No deduction being allowed for losses not incurred in a trade or 79 business;

- 80 (e) Interest on the obligations of the United States, any state, or any of 81 their subdivisions and instrumentalities;
- 82 [(6)] (5) "Property taxes accrued", property taxes paid, exclusive of 83 special assessments, penalties, interest, and charges for service levied on a claimant's homestead in any calendar year. Property taxes shall qualify for the 84 85 credit only if actually paid prior to the date a return is filed. The director of 86 revenue shall require a tax receipt or other proof of property tax payment. If a homestead is owned only partially by claimant, then "property taxes accrued" is 87 that part of property taxes levied on the homestead which was actually paid by 88 89 the claimant. For purposes of this subdivision, property taxes are "levied" when the tax roll is delivered to the director of revenue for collection. If a claimant 90 owns a homestead part of the preceding calendar year and rents it or a different 9192homestead for part of the same year, "property taxes accrued" means only taxes levied on the homestead both owned and occupied by the claimant, multiplied by 93 the percentage of twelve months that such property was owned and occupied as 94 the homestead of the claimant during the year. When a claimant owns and 95 occupies two or more different homesteads in the same calendar year, property 96 97 taxes accrued shall be the sum of taxes allocable to those several properties 98 occupied by the claimant as a homestead for the year. If a homestead is an integral part of a larger unit such as a farm, or multipurpose or multidwelling 99 100 building, property taxes accrued shall be that percentage of the total property 101 taxes accrued as the value of the homestead is of the total value. For purposes of this subdivision "unit" refers to the parcel of property covered by a single tax 102statement of which the homestead is a part[; 103
- 104 (7) "Rent constituting property taxes accrued", twenty percent of the gross 105 rent paid by a claimant and spouse in the calendar year].

135.025. The property taxes accrued [and rent constituting property taxes accrued] on each return shall be totaled. This total, up to [seven hundred fifty dollars in rent constituting property taxes actually paid or] eleven hundred dollars in actual property tax paid, shall be used in determining the property tax credit. The director of revenue shall prescribe regulations providing for allocations where part of a claimant's homestead is rented to another or used for nondwelling purposes or where a homestead is owned [or rented] or used as a dwelling for part of a year.

thousand dollars;

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135.030. 1. As used in this section:

- 2 (1) The term "maximum upper limit" shall, for each calendar year after
 3 December 31, 1997, but before calendar year 2008, be the sum of twenty-five
 4 thousand dollars. For all calendar years beginning on or after January 1, 2008,
 5 the maximum upper limit shall be the sum of twenty-seven thousand five
 6 hundred dollars. In the case of a homestead owned and occupied for the entire
 7 year by the claimant, the maximum upper limit shall be the sum of thirty
- 9 (2) The term "minimum base" shall, for each calendar year after December 10 31, 1997, but before calendar year 2008, be the sum of thirteen thousand 11 dollars. For all calendar years beginning on or after January 1, 2008, the 12 minimum base shall be the sum of fourteen thousand three hundred dollars.
- 2. If the income on a return is equal to or less than the maximum upper limit for the calendar year for which the return is filed, the property tax credit shall be determined from a table of credits based upon the amount by which the total property tax described in section 135.025 exceeds the percent of income in the following list:

The percent is: 18 If the income on the return is: Not over the minimum base 0 percent with credit 20 not to exceed \$1,100 21in actual property tax 22 [or rent equivalent] paid 23 up to \$750 Over the minimum base but 1/16 percent accumulative not over the maximum upper per \$300 from 0 percent 2526 limit to 4 percent.

The director of revenue shall prescribe a table based upon the preceding sentences. The property tax shall be in increments of twenty-five dollars and the income in increments of three hundred dollars. The credit shall be the amount rounded to the nearest whole dollar computed on the basis of the property tax and income at the midpoints of each increment. As used in this subsection, the term "accumulative" means an increase by continuous or repeated application of the percent to the income increment at each three hundred dollar level.

3. Notwithstanding subsection 4 of section 32.057, the department of revenue or any duly authorized employee or agent shall determine whether any taxpayer filing a report or return with the department of revenue who has not

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applied for the credit allowed pursuant to section 135.020 may qualify for the credit, and shall notify any qualified claimant of the claimant's potential eligibility, where the department determines such potential eligibility exists.

135.150. 1. Until January 1, 1987, the director of revenue shall prescribe 2 such rules and regulations necessary to carry out the provisions of sections 3 135.100 to 135.150.

- 2. Beginning January 1, 1987, the director of economic development shall 4 5 prescribe the method for submitting applications for claiming the tax credits allowed in subsections 2 and 3 of section 135.110 and shall, if such application or portion thereof is approved, certify same to the director of revenue or the director of the department of insurance, financial institutions and professional registration that the taxpayer claiming the credits has satisfied all requirements prescribed in sections 135.100 to 135.150 and is therefore eligible to claim the 10 credits. The director of economic development shall also calculate and specify the 11 amount of the credit earned by the taxpayer during the taxpayer's first taxable 12year in which such credits are claimed and for each of the nine succeeding taxable 13 years the credits are claimed by the taxpayer and shall certify such amounts to 14 the director of revenue or the director of the department of insurance, financial 15 institutions and professional registration and shall notify the taxpayer in writing 17of the action taken on his request for the credits and if the request for credits is 18 disallowed, the director of economic development shall state the reason or reasons 19 the claim for credit was disallowed. The director shall certify the extent to which 20earned credits can be claimed to the director of revenue or the director of the department of insurance, financial institutions and professional registration and 21shall notify the taxpayer in writing of such determination. The director of 22economic development may prescribe such rules and regulations necessary to 23 carry out the provisions of sections 135.100 to 135.150. 24
 - 3. The director of revenue and, when appropriate, the director of the department of insurance, financial institutions and professional registration may prescribe rules and regulations necessary to process the credits following certification by the director of economic development. No rule or portion of a rule promulgated under the authority of sections 135.100 to 135.160 shall become effective unless it has been promulgated pursuant to the provisions of section 536.024.
- 4. Any taxpayer who has submitted an application for claiming tax credits
 as allowed in section 135.110 may file with the director of economic development,

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a protest within sixty days (one hundred fifty days if the taxpayer is outside the United States) after the date of such certification notice or the date of the notice denying such certification. The protest shall be in writing and shall set forth the grounds on which the protest is based.

- 5. If a protest is filed, the director of economic development shall consider the taxpayer's grounds for protest and make a determination concerning such protest. The director of economic development shall notify the taxpayer in writing of such determination within thirty days following the date on which the written protest was received. Such notice shall be mailed to the taxpayer by certified or registered mail and such notice shall set forth briefly the director of economic development's findings of fact and the basis of decision.
 - 6. The decision of the director of economic development on the taxpayer's protest is final upon the expiration of thirty days from the date when he mails notice of his action to the taxpayer unless within this period, the taxpayer seeks review of the director of economic development's determination by the administrative hearing commission, which is hereby authorized.
 - 7. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, no tax credits provided under this section shall be authorized on or after August 28, 2015. The provisions of this subsection shall not be construed to limit or in any way impair the department's ability to issue tax credits authorized prior to August 28, 2015, or a taxpayer's ability to redeem such tax credits.

135.327. 1. As used in this section, the following terms shall mean:

- 2 (1) "CASA", an entity which receives funding from the court-appointed 3 special advocate fund established under section 476.777, including an association 4 based in this state, affiliated with a national association, organized to provide 5 support to entities receiving funding from the court-appointed special advocate 6 fund;
- 7 (2) "Child advocacy centers", the regional child assessment centers listed 8 in subsection 2 of section 210.001;
 - (3) "Contribution", amount of donation to qualified agency;
- 10 (4) "Crisis care center", entities contracted with this state which provide 11 temporary care for children whose age ranges from birth through seventeen years 12 of age whose parents or guardian are experiencing an unexpected and unstable 13 or serious condition that requires immediate action resulting in short-term care, 14 usually three to five continuous, uninterrupted days, for children who may be at

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15 risk for child abuse, neglect, or in an emergency situation;

- 16 (5) "Department", the department of revenue;
- 17 (6) "Director", the director of the department of revenue;
- 18 (7) "Qualified agency", CASA, child advocacy centers, or a crisis care 19 center;
- 20 (8) "Tax liability", the tax due under chapter 143 other than taxes 21 withheld under sections 143.191 to 143.265.
- 22 2. Any person residing in this state who legally adopts a special needs 23 child on or after January 1, 1988, and before January 1, 2000, shall be eligible to receive a tax credit of up to ten thousand dollars for nonrecurring adoption 2425 expenses for each child adopted that may be applied to taxes due under chapter 143. Any business entity providing funds to an employee to enable that employee 26 to legally adopt a special needs child shall be eligible to receive a tax credit of up 2728 to ten thousand dollars for nonrecurring adoption expenses for each child adopted that may be applied to taxes due under such business entity's state tax liability, 29 except that only one ten thousand dollar credit is available for each special needs 30 child that is adopted. 31
 - 3. Any person residing in this state who proceeds in good faith with the adoption of a special needs child on or after January 1, 2000, shall be eligible to receive a tax credit of up to ten thousand dollars for nonrecurring adoption expenses for each child that may be applied to taxes due under chapter 143; provided, however, that beginning on or after July 1, 2004, two million dollars of the tax credits allowed shall be allocated for the adoption of special needs children who are residents or wards of residents of this state at the time the adoption is initiated. Any business entity providing funds to an employee to enable that employee to proceed in good faith with the adoption of a special needs child shall be eligible to receive a tax credit of up to ten thousand dollars for nonrecurring adoption expenses for each child that may be applied to taxes due under such business entity's state tax liability, except that only one ten thousand dollar credit is available for each special needs child that is adopted.
- 4. Individuals and business entities may claim a tax credit for their total nonrecurring adoption expenses in each year that the expenses are incurred. A claim for fifty percent of the credit shall be allowed when the child is placed in the home. A claim for the remaining fifty percent shall be allowed when the adoption is final. The total of these tax credits shall not exceed the maximum limit of ten thousand dollars per child. The cumulative amount of tax credits

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which may be claimed by taxpayers claiming the credit for nonrecurring adoption 51 52 expenses in any one fiscal year prior to July 1, 2004, shall not exceed two million dollars. The cumulative amount of tax credits that may be claimed by taxpayers 53 54 claiming the credit for nonrecurring adoption expenses shall not be more than four million dollars but may be increased by appropriation in any fiscal year 55 56 beginning on or after July 1, 2004; provided, however, that by December thirty-first following each July, if less than two million dollars in credits have 57 58been issued for adoption of special needs children who are not residents or wards 59 of residents of this state at the time the adoption is initiated, the remaining amount of the cap shall be available for the adoption of special needs children 60 who are residents or wards of residents of this state at the time the adoption is 61 initiated. For all fiscal years beginning on or after July 1, 2006, applications to 62 claim the adoption tax credit for special needs children who are residents or 63 wards of residents of this state at the time the adoption is initiated shall be filed 64 between July first and April fifteenth of each fiscal year. For all fiscal years 65 beginning on or after July 1, 2006, applications to claim the adoption tax credit 66 for special needs children who are not residents or wards of residents of this state 67 at the time the adoption is initiated shall be filed between July first and 68 December thirty-first of each fiscal year. 69

- 5. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, any individual or business entity may assign, transfer or sell tax credits allowed in this section. Any sale of tax credits claimed pursuant to this section shall be at a discount rate of seventy-five percent or greater of the amount sold.
- 6. The director of revenue shall establish a procedure by which, for each fiscal year, the cumulative amount of tax credits authorized in this section is 75equally apportioned among all taxpayers within the two categories specified in 76 subsection 3 of this section claiming the credit in that fiscal year. To the maximum extent possible, the director of revenue shall establish the procedure 78 described in this subsection in such a manner as to ensure that taxpayers within 79 each category can claim all the tax credits possible up to the cumulative amount of tax credits available for the fiscal year.
 - 7. For all tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2006, but ending on or before December 31, 2011, a tax credit may be claimed in an amount equal to up to fifty percent of a verified contribution to a qualified agency and shall be named the children in crisis tax credit. For all tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2012, a tax credit may be claimed in an amount

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equal to up to thirty-five percent of a verified contribution to a 87 88 qualified agency and shall be named the children in crisis tax 89 credit. The minimum amount of any tax credit issued shall not be less than fifty dollars and shall be applied to taxes due under chapter 143, excluding sections 90 143.191 to 143.265. A contribution verification shall be issued to the taxpayer by 91 92 the agency receiving the contribution. Such contribution verification shall include 93 the taxpayer's name, Social Security number, amount of tax credit, amount of contribution, the name and address of the agency receiving the credit, and the 94 date the contribution was made. The tax credit provided under this subsection 95 96 shall be initially filed for the year in which the verified contribution is made.

- 8. The cumulative amount of the tax credits redeemed shall not exceed the unclaimed portion of the resident adoption category allocation as described in this section. The director of revenue shall determine the unclaimed portion available. The amount available shall be equally divided among the three qualified agencies: CASA, child advocacy centers, or crisis care centers to be used towards tax credits issued. In the event tax credits claimed under one agency do not total the allocated amount for that agency, the unused portion for that agency will be made available to the remaining agencies equally. In the event the total amount of tax credits claimed for any one agency exceeds the amount available for that agency, the amount redeemed shall and will be apportioned equally to all eligible taxpayers claiming the credit under that agency. After all children in crisis tax credits have been claimed, any remaining unclaimed portion of the reserved allocation for adoptions of special needs children who are residents or wards of residents of this state shall then be made available for adoption tax credit claims of special needs children who are not residents or wards of residents of this state at the time the adoption is initiated.
- 9. Prior to December thirty-first of each year, the entities listed under the definition of qualified agency shall apply to the department of social services in order to verify their qualified agency status. Upon a determination that the agency is eligible to be a qualified agency, the department of social services shall provide a letter of eligibility to such agency. No later than February first of each year, the department of social services shall provide a list of qualified agencies to the department of revenue. All tax credit applications to claim the children in crisis tax credit shall be filed between July first and April fifteenth of each fiscal year. A taxpayer shall apply for the children in crisis tax credit by attaching a copy of the contribution verification provided by a qualified agency to such

123 taxpayer's income tax return.

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- 124 10. The tax credits provided under this section shall be subject to the provisions of section 135.333.
- 11. (1) In the event a credit denial, due to lack of available funds, causes a balance-due notice to be generated by the department of revenue, or any other redeeming agency, the taxpayer will not be held liable for any penalty or interest, provided the balance is paid, or approved payment arrangements have been made, within sixty days from the notice of denial.
- 131 (2) In the event the balance is not paid within sixty days from the notice 132 of denial, the remaining balance shall be due and payable under the provisions 133 of chapter 143.
 - 12. The director shall calculate the level of appropriation necessary to issue all tax credits for nonresident special needs adoptions applied for under this section and provide such calculation to the speaker of the house of representatives, the president pro tempore of the senate, and the director of the division of budget and planning in the office of administration by January thirty-first of each year.
- 140 13. The department may promulgate such rules or regulations as are necessary to administer the provisions of this section. Any rule or portion of a 141 142 rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, that is created under the 143 authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with 144 and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 145 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and if any of the powers 146 vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held 147 unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed 148 or adopted after August 28, 2006, shall be invalid and void. 149
 - 14. Pursuant to section 23.253 of the Missouri sunset act:
- 151 (1) The provisions of the new program authorized under subsections 7 to 152 12 of this section shall automatically sunset six years after August 28, 2006, 153 unless reauthorized by an act of the general assembly; and
 - (2) If such program is reauthorized, the program authorized under this section shall automatically sunset twelve years after the effective date of the reauthorization of this section; and
- 157 (3) This section shall terminate on September first of the calendar year 158 immediately following the calendar year in which the program authorized under

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this section is sunset. 159

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135.352. 1. A taxpayer owning an interest in a qualified Missouri project shall, subject to the limitations provided under the provisions of [subsection 3] subsections 2, 3, and 7 of this section, be allowed a state tax credit, whether or not allowed a federal tax credit, to be termed the Missouri low-income housing tax credit, if the commission issues an eligibility statement for that project.

- 2. For qualified Missouri projects placed in service after January 1, 1997, but before December 31, 2011, the Missouri low-income housing tax credit available to a project shall be such amount as the commission shall determine is necessary to ensure the feasibility of the project, up to an amount equal to the federal low-income housing tax credit for a qualified Missouri project, for a federal tax period, and such amount shall be subtracted from the amount of state tax otherwise due for the same tax period. For qualified Missouri projects placed in service after January 1, 2012, the Missouri low-income housing tax credit available to a project shall be such amount as the commission shall determine is necessary to ensure the feasibility of the project, up to an amount equal to the federal low-income housing tax credit for a qualified Missouri project, for a three-year tax period, and such amount shall be subtracted from the amount of state tax otherwise due for the same tax period. No more than sixteen million dollars in tax credits provided under sections 135.350 to 135.363 shall be authorized in any calendar year beginning on or after January 1, 2012.
- 3. No more than six million dollars in tax credits shall be authorized each fiscal year for projects financed through tax-exempt bond issuance. No tax credits shall be authorized after January 1, 2012, for projects financed through tax-exempt bond issuance.
- 4. The Missouri low-income housing tax credit shall be taken against the taxes and in the order specified pursuant to section 32.115. The credit authorized by this section shall not be refundable. Any amount of credit that exceeds the tax due for a taxpayer's taxable year may be carried back to any of the taxpayer's three prior taxable years or carried forward to any of the taxpayer's five subsequent taxable years.
- 5. All or any portion of Missouri tax credits issued in accordance with the provisions of sections 135.350 to 135.362 may be allocated to parties who are 33 eligible pursuant to the provisions of subsection 1 of this section. Beginning January 1, 1995, for qualified projects which began on or after January 1, 1994,

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an owner of a qualified Missouri project shall certify to the director the amount of credit allocated to each taxpayer. The owner of the project shall provide to the director appropriate information so that the low-income housing tax credit can be properly allocated.

- 6. In the event that recapture of Missouri low-income housing tax credits is required pursuant to subsection 2 of section 135.355, any statement submitted to the director as provided in this section shall include the proportion of the state credit required to be recaptured, the identity of each taxpayer subject to the recapture and the amount of credit previously allocated to such taxpayer.
- 7. A taxpayer that receives tax credits under the provisions of sections 253.545 to 253.559 shall be ineligible to receive tax credits under the provisions of sections 135.350 to 135.363 for the same project.
- 8. The director of the department may promulgate rules and regulations necessary to administer the provisions of this section. No rule or portion of a rule promulgated pursuant to the authority of this section shall become effective unless it has been promulgated pursuant to the provisions of section 536.024.
- 9. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, no tax credits provided under this section shall be authorized on or after August 28, 2015. The provisions of this subsection shall not be construed to limit or in any way impair the department's ability to issue tax credits authorized prior to August 28, 2015, or a taxpayer's ability to redeem such tax credits.
- 135.460. 1. This section and sections 620.1100 and 620.1103 shall be 2 known and may be cited as the "Youth Opportunities and Violence Prevention 3 Act".
- 2. As used in this section, the term "taxpayer" shall include corporations as defined in section 143.441 or 143.471, any charitable organization which is exempt from federal income tax and whose Missouri unrelated business taxable income, if any, would be subject to the state income tax imposed under chapter 143, and individuals, individual proprietorships and partnerships.
- 3. A taxpayer shall be allowed a tax credit against the tax otherwise due pursuant to chapter 143, excluding withholding tax imposed by sections 143.191 to 143.265, chapter 147, chapter 148, or chapter 153 in an amount equal to thirty percent for property contributions and fifty percent for monetary contributions of the amount such taxpayer contributed to the programs described in subsection 5 of this section, not to exceed two hundred thousand dollars per taxable year, per

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taxpayer; except as otherwise provided in subdivision (5) of subsection 5 of this 15 16 section. The department of economic development shall prescribe the method for claiming the tax credits allowed in this section. No rule or portion of a rule 17 18 promulgated under the authority of this section shall become effective unless it has been promulgated pursuant to the provisions of chapter 536. All rulemaking 19 20 authority delegated prior to June 27, 1997, is of no force and effect and repealed; however, nothing in this section shall be interpreted to repeal or affect the 21validity of any rule filed or adopted prior to June 27, 1997, if such rule complied 22with the provisions of chapter 536. The provisions of this section and chapter 536 23 are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly 2425 pursuant to chapter 536, including the ability to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule or portion of a rule, are subsequently held 26 unconstitutional, then the purported grant of rulemaking authority and any rule 2728 so proposed and contained in the order of rulemaking shall be invalid and void.

- 4. The tax credits allowed by this section shall be claimed by the taxpayer to offset the taxes that become due in the taxpayer's tax period in which the contribution was made. Any tax credit not used in such tax period may be carried over the next five succeeding tax periods.
- 5. The tax credit allowed by this section may only be claimed for monetary or property contributions to public or private programs authorized to participate pursuant to this section by the department of economic development and may be claimed for the development, establishment, implementation, operation, and expansion of the following activities and programs:
- (1) An adopt-a-school program. Components of the adopt-a-school program shall include donations for school activities, seminars, and functions; school-business employment programs; and the donation of property and equipment of the corporation to the school;
- 42 (2) Expansion of programs to encourage school dropouts to reenter and 43 complete high school or to complete a graduate equivalency degree program;
- 44 (3) Employment programs. Such programs shall initially, but not 45 exclusively, target unemployed youth living in poverty and youth living in areas 46 with a high incidence of crime;
 - (4) New or existing youth clubs or associations;
- 48 (5) Employment/internship/apprenticeship programs in business or trades 49 for persons less than twenty years of age, in which case the tax credit claimed 50 pursuant to this section shall be equal to one-half of the amount paid to the

51 intern or apprentice in that tax year, except that such credit shall not exceed ten

52 thousand dollars per person;

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- (6) Mentor and role model programs;
- 54 (7) Drug and alcohol abuse prevention training programs for youth;
- 55 (8) Donation of property or equipment of the taxpayer to schools, including 56 schools which primarily educate children who have been expelled from other 57 schools, or donation of the same to municipalities, or not-for-profit corporations 58 or other not-for-profit organizations which offer programs dedicated to youth
- 59 violence prevention as authorized by the department;
- 60 (9) Not-for-profit, private or public youth activity centers;
- 61 (10) Nonviolent conflict resolution and mediation programs;
- 62 (11) Youth outreach and counseling programs.
- 6. Any program authorized in subsection 5 of this section shall, at least annually, submit a report to the department of economic development outlining the purpose and objectives of such program, the number of youth served, the specific activities provided pursuant to such program, the duration of such program and recorded youth attendance where applicable.
- 7. The department of economic development shall, at least annually submit a report to the Missouri general assembly listing the organizations participating, services offered and the number of youth served as the result of the implementation of this section.
- 72 8. The tax credit allowed by this section shall apply to all taxable years 73 beginning after December 31, 1995.
- 9. For the purposes of the credits described in this section, in the case of a corporation described in section 143.471, partnership, limited liability company described in section 347.015, cooperative, marketing enterprise, or partnership, in computing Missouri's tax liability, such credits shall be allowed to the following:
- 79 (1) The shareholders of the corporation described in section 143.471;
- 80 (2) The partners of the partnership;
- 81 (3) The members of the limited liability company; and
- (4) Individual members of the cooperative or marketing enterprise. Such credits shall be apportioned to the entities described in subdivisions (1) and (2) of this subsection in proportion to their share of ownership on the last day of the taxpayer's tax period.
 - 10. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, no tax

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credits provided under this section shall be authorized on or after August 28, 2017. The provisions of this subsection shall not be construed to limit or in any way impair the department's ability to issue tax credits authorized prior to August 28, 2017, or a taxpayer's ability to redeem such tax credits.

135.487. 1. To obtain any credit allowed pursuant to sections 135.475 to 2 135.487, a taxpayer shall submit to the department, for preliminary approval, an application for tax credit. The director shall, upon final approval of an application and presentation of acceptable proof of substantial completion of construction, issue the taxpayer a certificate of tax credit. The director shall issue all credits allowed pursuant to sections 135.475 to 135.487 in the order the applications are received. In the case of a taxpayer other than an owner-occupant, the director shall not delay the issuance of a tax credit pursuant to sections 135.475 to 135.487 until the sale of a residence at market rate for 9 10 owner-occupancy. A taxpayer, taxpayer other than an owner-occupant who receives a certificate of tax credit pursuant to sections 135.475 to 135.487 shall, 11 within thirty days of the date of the sale of a residence, furnish to the director satisfactory proof that such residence was sold at market rate for 13 owner-occupancy. If the director reasonably determines that a residence was not 14in good faith intended for long-term owner occupancy, the director make revoke 15any tax credits issued and seek recovery of any tax credits issued pursuant to 16 17 section 620.017.

- 2. The department may cooperate with a municipality or a county in which a project is located to help identify the location of the project, the type and eligibility of the project, the estimated cost of the project and the completion date of the project.
- 3. The department may promulgate such rules or regulations or issue administrative guidelines as are necessary to administer the provisions of sections 135.475 to 135.487. No rule or portion of a rule promulgated pursuant to the authority of this section shall become effective unless it has been promulgated pursuant to the provisions of chapter 536.
 - 4. The department shall conduct annually a comprehensive program evaluation illustrating where the tax credits allowed pursuant to sections 135.475 to 135.487 are being utilized, explaining the economic impact of such program and making recommendations on appropriate program modifications to ensure the program's success.

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32 5. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, no tax 33 credits provided under sections 135.475 to 135.487 shall be authorized on or after August 28, 2015. The provisions of this subsection shall not 34be construed to limit or in any way impair the department's ability to 35 issue tax credits authorized prior to August 28, 2015, or a taxpayer's 36 ability to redeem such tax credits.

135.490. 1. For all taxable years ending on or before December 31, 2011, in order to encourage and foster community improvement, an eligible small business, as defined in Section 44 of the Internal Revenue Code, shall be allowed a credit not to exceed five thousand dollars against the tax otherwise due pursuant to chapter 143, not including sections 143.191 to 143.265, in an amount equal to fifty percent of all eligible access expenditures exceeding the monetary cap provided by Section 44 of the Internal Revenue Code. For all taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2012, an eligible small business, as defined in Section 44 of the Internal Revenue Code, shall be allowed a credit not to exceed five thousand dollars against the tax otherwise due 10 pursuant to chapter 143, not including sections 143.191 to 143.265, in an 11 amount equal to thirty-five percent of all eligible access expenditures 12exceeding the monetary cap provided by Section 44 of the Internal 13 Revenue Code. For purposes of this section, "eligible access expenditures" 14 means amounts paid or incurred by the taxpayer in order to comply with 15 applicable access requirements provided by the Americans With Disabilities Act 16 of 1990, as further defined in Section 44 of the Internal Revenue Code and federal 17 18 rulings interpreting Section 44 of the Internal Revenue Code.

- 2. The tax credit allowed by this section shall be claimed by the taxpayer at the time such taxpayer files a return. Any amount of tax credit which exceeds the tax due shall be carried over to any subsequent taxable year, but shall not be refunded and shall not be transferable.
- 23 3. The director of the department of economic development and the director of the department of revenue shall jointly administer the tax credit 2425 authorized by this section. Both the director of the department of economic 26 development and the director of the department of revenue are authorized to promulgate rules and regulations necessary to administer the provisions of this 27section. No rule or portion of a rule promulgated pursuant to the authority of 28 this section shall become effective unless it has been promulgated pursuant to the 29provisions of chapter 536.

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31 4. The provisions of this section shall become effective on January 1, 2000, 32 and shall apply to all taxable years beginning after December 31, 1999.

5. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, no tax credits provided under this section shall be authorized on or after August 28, 2017. The provisions of this subsection shall not be construed to limit or in any way impair the department's ability to issue tax credits authorized prior to August 28, 2017, or a taxpayer's ability to redeem such tax credits.

135.550. 1. As used in this section, the following terms shall mean:

- 2 (1) "Contribution", a donation of cash, stock, bonds or other marketable 3 securities, or real property;
 - (2) "Shelter for victims of domestic violence", a facility located in this state which meets the definition of a shelter for victims of domestic violence pursuant to section 455.200 and which meets the requirements of section 455.220;
- (3) "State tax liability", in the case of a business taxpayer, any liability 7 incurred by such taxpayer pursuant to the provisions of chapter 143, chapter 147, chapter 148, and chapter 153, exclusive of the provisions relating to the withholding of tax as provided for in sections 143.191 to 143.265 and related 10 provisions, and in the case of an individual taxpayer, any liability incurred by 11 12 such taxpayer pursuant to the provisions of chapter 143;
- (4) "Taxpayer", a person, firm, a partner in a firm, corporation or a 13 shareholder in an S corporation doing business in the state of Missouri and 14 15 subject to the state income tax imposed by the provisions of chapter 143, or a 16 corporation subject to the annual corporation franchise tax imposed by the provisions of chapter 147, including any charitable organization which is exempt 17 from federal income tax and whose Missouri unrelated business taxable income, 18 19 if any, would be subject to the state income tax imposed under chapter 143, or an 20 insurance company paying an annual tax on its gross premium receipts in this state, or other financial institution paying taxes to the state of Missouri or any 2122political subdivision of this state pursuant to the provisions of chapter 148, or an express company which pays an annual tax on its gross receipts in this state 2324pursuant to chapter 153, or an individual subject to the state income tax imposed by the provisions of chapter 143. 25
- 2. For all taxable years ending on or before December 31, 2011, a taxpayer shall be allowed to claim a tax credit against the taxpayer's state tax liability, in an amount equal to fifty percent of the amount such taxpayer 28

contributed to a shelter for victims of domestic violence. For all taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2012, a taxpayer shall be allowed to claim a tax credit against the taxpayer's state tax liability, in an amount equal to thirty-five percent of the amount such taxpayer contributed to a shelter for victims of domestic violence.

- 3. The amount of the tax credit claimed shall not exceed the amount of the taxpayer's state tax liability for the taxable year that the credit is claimed, and such taxpayer shall not be allowed to claim a tax credit in excess of fifty thousand dollars per taxable year. However, any tax credit that cannot be claimed in the taxable year the contribution was made may be carried over to the next four succeeding taxable years until the full credit has been claimed.
- 4. Except for any excess credit which is carried over pursuant to subsection 3 of this section, a taxpayer shall not be allowed to claim a tax credit unless the total amount of such taxpayer's contribution or contributions to a shelter or shelters for victims of domestic violence in such taxpayer's taxable year has a value of at least one hundred dollars.
- 5. The director of the department of social services shall determine, at least annually, which facilities in this state may be classified as shelters for victims of domestic violence. The director of the department of social services may require of a facility seeking to be classified as a shelter for victims of domestic violence whatever information is reasonably necessary to make such a determination. The director of the department of social services shall classify a facility as a shelter for victims of domestic violence if such facility meets the definition set forth in subsection 1 of this section.
- 6. The director of the department of social services shall establish a procedure by which a taxpayer can determine if a facility has been classified as a shelter for victims of domestic violence, and by which such taxpayer can then contribute to such shelter for victims of domestic violence and claim a tax credit. Shelters for victims of domestic violence shall be permitted to decline a contribution from a taxpayer. The cumulative amount of tax credits which may be claimed by all the taxpayers contributing to shelters for victims of domestic violence in any one fiscal year shall not exceed two million dollars.
- 7. The director of the department of social services shall establish a procedure by which, from the beginning of the fiscal year until some point in time later in the fiscal year to be determined by the director of the department of social services, the cumulative amount of tax credits are equally apportioned

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among all facilities classified as shelters for victims of domestic violence. If a 65 66 shelter for victims of domestic violence fails to use all, or some percentage to be determined by the director of the department of social services, of its apportioned 6768 tax credits during this predetermined period of time, the director of the 69 department of social services may reapportion these unused tax credits to those shelters for victims of domestic violence that have used all, or some percentage to be determined by the director of the department of social services, of their 7172apportioned tax credits during this predetermined period of time. The director 73of the department of social services may establish more than one period of time and reapportion more than once during each fiscal year. To the maximum extent 74possible, the director of the department of social services shall establish the 75procedure described in this subsection in such a manner as to ensure that 76 taxpayers can claim all the tax credits possible up to the cumulative amount of 7778 tax credits available for the fiscal year.

- 79 8. This section shall become effective January 1, 2000, and shall apply to 80 all tax years after December 31, 1999.
 - 9. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, no tax credits provided under this section shall be authorized on or after August 28, 2017. The provisions of this subsection shall not be construed to limit or in any way impair the department's ability to issue tax credits authorized prior to August 28, 2017, or a taxpayer's ability to redeem such tax credits.

135.562. 1. If any taxpayer with a federal adjusted gross income of thirty thousand dollars or less incurs costs for the purpose of making all or any portion of such taxpayer's principal dwelling accessible to an individual with a disability who permanently resides with the taxpayer, such taxpayer shall receive a tax credit against such taxpayer's Missouri income tax liability in an amount equal to the lesser of one hundred percent of such costs or two thousand five hundred dollars per taxpayer, per tax year.

8 2. For all taxable years ending on or before December 31, 2011, 9 any taxpayer with a federal adjusted gross income greater than thirty thousand 10 dollars but less than sixty thousand dollars who incurs costs for the purpose of 11 making all or any portion of such taxpayer's principal dwelling accessible to an 12 individual with a disability who permanently resides with the taxpayer shall 13 receive a tax credit against such taxpayer's Missouri income tax liability in an 14 amount equal to the lesser of fifty percent of such costs or two thousand five

hundred dollars per taxpayer per tax year. For all taxable years beginning 15 16 on or after January 1, 2012, any taxpayer with a federal adjusted gross income greater than thirty thousand dollars but less than sixty 17 thousand dollars who incurs costs for the purpose of making all or any 18 portion of such taxpayer's principal dwelling accessible to an 19 20 individual with a disability who permanently resides with the taxpayer shall receive a tax credit against such taxpayer's Missouri income tax 21liability in an amount equal to the lesser of thirty-five percent of such 22costs or two thousand five hundred dollars per taxpayer per tax year. 23No taxpayer shall be eligible to receive tax credits under this section in any tax 24year immediately following a tax year in which such taxpayer received tax credits 2526under the provisions of this section.

- 3. Tax credits issued pursuant to this section may be refundable in an amount not to exceed two thousand five hundred dollars per tax year.
 - 4. Eligible costs for which the credit may be claimed include:
- 30 (1) Constructing entrance or exit ramps;
- 31 (2) Widening exterior or interior doorways;
- 32 (3) Widening hallways;

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- 33 (4) Installing handrails or grab bars;
- 34 (5) Moving electrical outlets and switches;
- 35 (6) Installing stairway lifts;
- (7) Installing or modifying fire alarms, smoke detectors, and other alertingsystems;
- 38 (8) Modifying hardware of doors; or
- 39 (9) Modifying bathrooms.
- 5. The tax credits allowed, including the maximum amount that may be claimed, pursuant to this section shall be reduced by an amount sufficient to offset any amount of such costs a taxpayer has already deducted from such taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income or to the extent such taxpayer has applied any other state or federal income tax credit to such costs.
- 6. A taxpayer shall claim a credit allowed by this section in the same taxable year as the credit is issued, and at the time such taxpayer files his or her Missouri income tax return; provided that such return is timely filed.
 - 7. The department may, in consultation with the department of social services, promulgate such rules or regulations as are necessary to administer the provisions of this section. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined

51 in section 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated in this section

- 52 shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the
- 53 provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. This section and
- 54 chapter 536 are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general
- 55 assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective date or to
- 56 disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the
- 57 grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28,
- 58 2007, shall be invalid and void.
- 59 8. The provisions of this section shall apply to all tax years beginning on 60 or after January 1, 2008.
- 9. The provisions of this section shall expire December 31, 2013.
- 62 10. In no event shall the aggregate amount of all tax credits allowed
- 63 pursuant to this section exceed one hundred thousand dollars in any given fiscal
- 64 year. The tax credits issued pursuant to this section shall be on a first-come,
- 65 first-served filing basis.
 - 135.575. 1. As used in this section, the following terms mean:
- 2 (1) "Missouri health care access fund", the fund created in section
- 3 191.1056;
- 4 (2) "Tax credit", a credit against the tax otherwise due under chapter 143,
- 5 excluding withholding tax imposed by sections 143.191 to 143.265;
- 6 (3) "Taxpayer", any individual subject to the tax imposed in chapter 143,
- 7 excluding withholding tax imposed by sections 143.191 to 143.265.
- 8 2. The provisions of this section shall be subject to section 33.282. For all
- 9 taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2007, a taxpayer shall be allowed
- 10 a tax credit for donations in excess of one hundred dollars made to the Missouri
- 11 health care access fund. The tax credit shall be subject to annual approval by the
- 12 senate appropriations committee and the house budget committee. For all
- 13 taxable years ending on or before December 31, 2011, the tax credit
- 14 amount shall be equal to one-half of the total donation made, but shall not exceed
- 15 twenty-five thousand dollars per taxpayer claiming the credit. For all taxable
- 16 years beginning on or after January 1, 2012, the tax credit amount shall
- 17 be equal to thirty-five percent of the total donation made, but shall not
- 18 exceed twenty-five thousand dollars per taxpayer claiming the credit.
- 19 If the amount of the tax credit issued exceeds the amount of the taxpayer's state
- 20 tax liability for the tax year for which the credit is claimed, the difference shall
- 21 not be refundable but may be carried forward to any of the taxpayer's next four

- 22 taxable years. No tax credit granted under this section shall be transferred, sold,
- 23 or assigned. The cumulative amount of tax credits which may be issued under
- 24 this section in any one fiscal year shall not exceed one million dollars.
- 25 3. The department of revenue may promulgate rules to implement the
- 26 provisions of this section. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined
- 27 in section 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated in this section
- 28 shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the
- 29 provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. This section and
- 30 chapter 536 are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general
- 31 assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective date, or to
- 32 disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the
- 33 grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28,
- 34 2007, shall be invalid and void.
- 35 4. Pursuant to section 23.253 of the Missouri sunset act:
- 36 (1) The provisions of the new program authorized under this section shall
- 37 automatically sunset six years after August 28, 2007, unless reauthorized by an
- 38 act of the general assembly; and
- 39 (2) If such program is reauthorized, the program authorized under this
- 40 section shall automatically sunset twelve years after the effective date of the
- 41 reauthorization of this section; and
- 42 (3) This section shall terminate on September first of the calendar year
- 43 immediately following the calendar year in which the program authorized under
- 44 this section is sunset.

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- 135.600. 1. As used in this section, the following terms shall mean:
- 2 (1) "Contribution", a donation of cash, stock, bonds or other marketable
- 3 securities, or real property;
- 4 (2) "Maternity home", a residential facility located in this state
- 5 established for the purpose of providing housing and assistance to pregnant
- 6 women who are carrying their pregnancies to term, and which is exempt from
 - income taxation under the United States Internal Revenue Code;
- 8 (3) "State tax liability", in the case of a business taxpayer, any liability
- 9 incurred by such taxpayer pursuant to the provisions of chapter 143, chapter 147,
- 10 chapter 148, and chapter 153, exclusive of the provisions relating to the
- 11 withholding of tax as provided for in sections 143.191 to 143.265, and related
- 12 provisions, and in the case of an individual taxpayer, any liability incurred by
- 13 such taxpayer pursuant to the provisions of chapter 143;

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14 (4) "Taxpayer", a person, firm, a partner in a firm, corporation or a 15 shareholder in an S corporation doing business in the state of Missouri and subject to the state income tax imposed by the provisions of chapter 143, 16 17 including any charitable organization which is exempt from federal income tax and whose Missouri unrelated business taxable income, if any, would be subject 18 to the state income tax imposed under chapter 143, or a corporation subject to the annual corporation franchise tax imposed by the provisions of chapter 147, or an 20 21insurance company paying an annual tax on its gross premium receipts in this 22state, or other financial institution paying taxes to the state of Missouri or any political subdivision of this state pursuant to the provisions of chapter 148, or an 2324express company which pays an annual tax on its gross receipts in this state 25 pursuant to chapter 153, or an individual subject to the state income tax imposed 26 by the provisions of chapter 143.

- 2. For all taxable years ending on or before December 31, 2011, a taxpayer shall be allowed to claim a tax credit against the taxpayer's state tax liability, in an amount equal to fifty percent of the amount such taxpayer contributed to a maternity home. For all taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2012, a taxpayer shall be allowed to claim a tax credit against the taxpayer's state tax liability, in an amount equal to thirtyfive percent of the amount such taxpayer contributed to a maternity home.
- 3. The amount of the tax credit claimed shall not exceed the amount of the taxpayer's state tax liability for the taxable year that the credit is claimed, and such taxpayer shall not be allowed to claim a tax credit in excess of fifty thousand dollars per taxable year. However, any tax credit that cannot be claimed in the taxable year the contribution was made may be carried over to the next four succeeding taxable years until the full credit has been claimed.
- 4. Except for any excess credit which is carried over pursuant to subsection 3 of this section, a taxpayer shall not be allowed to claim a tax credit unless the total amount of such taxpayer's contribution or contributions to a maternity home or homes in such taxpayer's taxable year has a value of at least one hundred dollars.
- 5. The director of the department of social services shall determine, at 47 least annually, which facilities in this state may be classified as maternity homes. The director of the department of social services may require of a facility 48 seeking to be classified as a maternity home whatever information is reasonably

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- 50 necessary to make such a determination. The director of the department of social 51 services shall classify a facility as a maternity home if such facility meets the 52 definition set forth in subsection 1 of this section.
 - 6. The director of the department of social services shall establish a procedure by which a taxpayer can determine if a facility has been classified as a maternity home, and by which such taxpayer can then contribute to such maternity home and claim a tax credit. Maternity homes shall be permitted to decline a contribution from a taxpayer. The cumulative amount of tax credits which may be claimed by all the taxpayers contributing to maternity homes in any one fiscal year shall not exceed two million dollars.
- 60 7. The director of the department of social services shall establish a procedure by which, from the beginning of the fiscal year until some point in time 61 later in the fiscal year to be determined by the director of the department of 62 63 social services, the cumulative amount of tax credits are equally apportioned among all facilities classified as maternity homes. If a maternity home fails to 64 use all, or some percentage to be determined by the director of the department of 65 social services, of its apportioned tax credits during this predetermined period of 66 time, the director of the department of social services may reapportion these 67 unused tax credits to those maternity homes that have used all, or some 68 69 percentage to be determined by the director of the department of social services, 70 of their apportioned tax credits during this predetermined period of time. The director of the department of social services may establish more than one period 7172of time and reapportion more than once during each fiscal year. To the maximum 73 extent possible, the director of the department of social services shall establish the procedure described in this subsection in such a manner as to ensure that 74taxpayers can claim all the tax credits possible up to the cumulative amount of 75 tax credits available for the fiscal year. 76
- 77 8. This section shall become effective January 1, 2000, and shall apply to 78 all tax years after December 31, 1999.
- 9. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, no tax credits provided under this section shall be authorized on or after August 28, 2017. The provisions of this subsection shall not be construed to limit or in any way impair the department's ability to issue tax credits authorized prior to August 28, 2017, or a taxpayer's ability to redeem such tax credits.

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2 (1) "Contribution", a donation of cash, stock, bonds, or other marketable 3 securities, or real property;

- (2) "Director", the director of the department of social services; 4
- 5 (3) "Pregnancy resource center", a nonresidential facility located in this 6 state:
- 7 (a) Established and operating primarily to provide assistance to women with crisis pregnancies or unplanned pregnancies by offering pregnancy testing, 9 counseling, emotional and material support, and other similar services to 10 encourage and assist such women in carrying their pregnancies to term; and
 - (b) Where childbirths are not performed; and
- 12 (c) Which does not perform, induce, or refer for abortions and which does not hold itself out as performing, inducing, or referring for abortions; and 13
- 14 (d) Which provides direct client services at the facility, as opposed to merely providing counseling or referral services by telephone; and 15
- (e) Which provides its services at no cost to its clients; and 16
- 17 (f) When providing medical services, such medical services must be performed in accordance with Missouri statute; and 18
- 19 (g) Which is exempt from income taxation pursuant to the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended; 20
- 21 (4) "State tax liability", in the case of a business taxpayer, any liability 22incurred by such taxpayer pursuant to the provisions of chapters 143, 147, 148, 23 and 153, excluding sections 143.191 to 143.265 and related provisions, and in the 24case of an individual taxpayer, any liability incurred by such taxpayer pursuant 25to the provisions of chapter 143, excluding sections 143.191 to 143.265 and 26 related provisions;
- (5) "Taxpayer", a person, firm, a partner in a firm, corporation, or a shareholder in an S corporation doing business in the state of Missouri and subject to the state income tax imposed by the provisions of chapter 143, or a corporation subject to the annual corporation franchise tax imposed by the provisions of chapter 147, or an insurance company paying an annual tax on its gross premium receipts in this state, or other financial institution paying taxes 33 to the state of Missouri or any political subdivision of this state pursuant to the provisions of chapter 148, or an express company which pays an annual tax on 34its gross receipts in this state pursuant to chapter 153, or an individual subject 35to the state income tax imposed by the provisions of chapter 143, or any 36 charitable organization which is exempt from federal income tax and whose

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Missouri unrelated business taxable income, if any, would be subject to the state 38 39 income tax imposed under chapter 143.

- 2. For all tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2007, but ending 40 41on or before December 31, 2011, a taxpayer shall be allowed to claim a tax credit against the taxpayer's state tax liability in an amount equal to fifty percent 42of the amount such taxpayer contributed to a pregnancy resource center. For all tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2012, a taxpayer shall be allowed to claim a tax credit against the taxpayer's state tax liability 46 in an amount equal to thirty-five percent of the amount such taxpayer contributed to a pregnancy resource center.
 - 3. The amount of the tax credit claimed shall not exceed the amount of the taxpayer's state tax liability for the taxable year for which the credit is claimed, and such taxpayer shall not be allowed to claim a tax credit in excess of fifty thousand dollars per taxable year. However, any tax credit that cannot be claimed in the taxable year the contribution was made may be carried over to the next four succeeding taxable years until the full credit has been claimed.
 - 4. Except for any excess credit which is carried over pursuant to subsection 3 of this section, a taxpayer shall not be allowed to claim a tax credit unless the total amount of such taxpayer's contribution or contributions to a pregnancy resource center or centers in such taxpayer's taxable year has a value of at least one hundred dollars.
 - 5. The director shall determine, at least annually, which facilities in this state may be classified as pregnancy resource centers. The director may require of a facility seeking to be classified as a pregnancy resource center whatever information which is reasonably necessary to make such a determination. The director shall classify a facility as a pregnancy resource center if such facility meets the definition set forth in subsection 1 of this section.
- 6. The director shall establish a procedure by which a taxpayer can determine if a facility has been classified as a pregnancy resource 66 center. Pregnancy resource centers shall be permitted to decline a contribution 67 from a taxpayer. The cumulative amount of tax credits which may be claimed by 68 all the taxpayers contributing to pregnancy resource centers in any one fiscal year shall not exceed two million dollars. Tax credits shall be issued in the order contributions are received.
 - 7. The director shall establish a procedure by which, from the beginning of the fiscal year until some point in time later in the fiscal year to be determined

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by the director, the cumulative amount of tax credits are equally apportioned 7475 among all facilities classified as pregnancy resource centers. If a pregnancy resource center fails to use all, or some percentage to be determined by the 76 77director, of its apportioned tax credits during this predetermined period of time, 78 the director may reapportion these unused tax credits to those pregnancy resource centers that have used all, or some percentage to be determined by the director, of their apportioned tax credits during this predetermined period of 80 81 time. The director may establish more than one period of time and reapportion 82 more than once during each fiscal year. To the maximum extent possible, the director shall establish the procedure described in this subsection in such a 83 manner as to ensure that taxpayers can claim all the tax credits possible up to 84 the cumulative amount of tax credits available for the fiscal year. 85

- 8. Each pregnancy resource center shall provide information to the director concerning the identity of each taxpayer making a contribution to the pregnancy resource center who is claiming a tax credit pursuant to this section and the amount of the contribution. The director shall provide the information to the director of revenue. The director shall be subject to the confidentiality and penalty provisions of section 32.057 relating to the disclosure of tax information.
- 92 9. Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, any tax credits granted 93 under this section may be assigned, transferred, sold, or otherwise conveyed 94 without consent or approval. Such taxpayer, hereinafter the assignor for 95 purposes of this section, may sell, assign, exchange, or otherwise transfer earned 96 tax credits:
- 97 (1) For no less than seventy-five percent of the par value of such credits; 98 and
- 99 (2) In an amount not to exceed one hundred percent of annual earned 100 credits.
 - 10. Pursuant to section 23.253 of the Missouri sunset act:
- 102 (1) Any new program authorized under this section shall automatically 103 sunset six years after August 28, 2006, unless reauthorized by an act of the 104 general assembly; and
- 105 (2) If such program is reauthorized, the program authorized under this 106 section shall automatically sunset twelve years after the effective date of the 107 reauthorization of this section; and
- 108 (3) This section shall terminate on September first of the calendar year 109 immediately following the calendar year in which a program authorized under

110 this section is sunset.

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135.967. 1. A taxpayer who establishes a new business facility may, upon approval by the department, be allowed a credit, each tax year for up to ten tax years, in an amount determined as set forth in this section, against the tax imposed by chapter 143, excluding withholding tax imposed by sections 143.191 to 143.265. No taxpayer shall receive multiple ten-year periods for subsequent expansions at the same facility.

- 2. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, any taxpayer who establishes a new business facility in an enhanced enterprise zone and is awarded state tax credits under this section may not also receive tax credits under sections 135.100 to 135.150, sections 135.200 to 135.286, or section 135.535, and may not simultaneously receive tax credits under sections 620.1875 to 620.1890 at the same facility.
 - 3. No credit shall be issued pursuant to this section unless:
- 14 (1) The number of new business facility employees engaged or maintained 15 in employment at the new business facility for the taxable year for which the 16 credit is claimed equals or exceeds two; and
- 17 (2) The new business facility investment for the taxable year for which the 18 credit is claimed equals or exceeds one hundred thousand dollars.
- 19 4. The annual amount of credits allowed for an approved enhanced 20 business enterprise shall be the lesser of:
- 21 (1) The annual amount authorized by the department for the enhanced 22 business enterprise, which shall be limited to the projected state economic 23 benefit, as determined by the department; or
- 24 (2) The sum calculated based upon the following:
- 25 (a) A credit of four hundred dollars for each new business facility 26 employee employed within an enhanced enterprise zone;
- 27 (b) An additional credit of four hundred dollars for each new business 28 facility employee who is a resident of an enhanced enterprise zone;
- (c) An additional credit of four hundred dollars for each new business facility employee who is paid by the enhanced business enterprise a wage that exceeds the average wage paid within the county in which the facility is located, as determined by the department; and
- 33 (d) A credit equal to two percent of new business facility investment 34 within an enhanced enterprise zone.
- 35 5. Prior to January 1, 2007, in no event shall the department authorize

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more than four million dollars annually to be issued for all enhanced business enterprises. After December 31, 2006, in no event shall the department authorize more than twenty-four million dollars annually to be issued for all enhanced business enterprises.

- 6. If a facility, which does not constitute a new business facility, is expanded by the taxpayer, the expansion shall be considered eligible for the credit allowed by this section if:
- (1) The taxpayer's new business facility investment in the expansion during the tax period in which the credits allowed in this section are claimed exceeds one hundred thousand dollars and if the number of new business facility employees engaged or maintained in employment at the expansion facility for the taxable year for which credit is claimed equals or exceeds two, and the total number of employees at the facility after the expansion is at least two greater than the total number of employees before the expansion; and
- (2) The taxpayer's investment in the expansion and in the original facility prior to expansion shall be determined in the manner provided in subdivision (19) of section 135.950.
- 7. The number of new business facility employees during any taxable year shall be determined by dividing by twelve the sum of the number of individuals employed on the last business day of each month of such taxable year. If the new business facility is in operation for less than the entire taxable year, the number of new business facility employees shall be determined by dividing the sum of the number of individuals employed on the last business day of each full calendar month during the portion of such taxable year during which the new business facility was in operation by the number of full calendar months during such period. For the purpose of computing the credit allowed by this section in the case of a facility which qualifies as a new business facility under subsection 6 of this section, and in the case of a new business facility which satisfies the requirements of paragraph (c) of subdivision (17) of section 135.950, or subdivision (25) of section 135.950, the number of new business facility employees at such facility shall be reduced by the average number of individuals employed, computed as provided in this subsection, at the facility during the taxable year immediately preceding the taxable year in which such expansion, acquisition, or replacement occurred and shall further be reduced by the number of individuals employed by the taxpayer or related taxpayer that was subsequently transferred to the new business facility from another Missouri facility and for which credits

authorized in this section are not being earned, whether such credits are earned because of an expansion, acquisition, relocation, or the establishment of a new facility.

- 8. In the case where a new business facility employee who is a resident of an enhanced enterprise zone for less than a twelve-month period is employed for less than a twelve-month period, the credits allowed by paragraph (b) of subdivision (2) of subsection 4 of this section shall be determined by multiplying four hundred dollars by a fraction, the numerator of which is the number of calendar days during the taxpayer's tax year for which such credits are claimed, in which the employee was a resident of an enhanced enterprise zone, and the denominator of which is three hundred sixty-five.
- 9. For the purpose of computing the credit allowed by this section in the case of a facility which qualifies as a new business facility pursuant to subsection 6 of this section, and in the case of a new business facility which satisfies the requirements of paragraph (c) of subdivision (17) of section 135.950 or subdivision (25) of section 135.950, the amount of the taxpayer's new business facility investment in such facility shall be reduced by the average amount, computed as provided in subdivision (19) of section 135.950 for new business facility investment, of the investment of the taxpayer, or related taxpayer immediately preceding such expansion or replacement or at the time of acquisition. Furthermore, the amount of the taxpayer's new business facility investment shall also be reduced by the amount of investment employed by the taxpayer or related taxpayer which was subsequently transferred to the new business facility from another Missouri facility and for which credits authorized in this section are not being earned, whether such credits are earned because of an expansion, acquisition, relocation, or the establishment of a new facility.
- 10. For a taxpayer with flow-through tax treatment to its members, partners, or shareholders, the credit shall be allowed to members, partners, or shareholders in proportion to their share of ownership on the last day of the taxpayer's tax period.
- 102 11. Credits may not be carried forward but shall be claimed for the taxable year during which commencement of commercial operations occurs at such new business facility, and for each of the nine succeeding taxable years for which the credit is issued.
- 106 12. Certificates of tax credit authorized by this section may be 107 transferred, sold, or assigned by filing a notarized endorsement thereof with the

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department that names the transferee, the amount of tax credit transferred, and the value received for the credit, as well as any other information reasonably requested by the department. The sale price cannot be less than seventy-five percent of the par value of such credits.

- 13. The director of revenue shall issue a refund to the taxpayer to the extent that the amount of credits allowed in this section exceeds the amount of the taxpayer's income tax.
- 115 14. Prior to the issuance of tax credits, the department shall verify 116 through the department of revenue, or any other state department, that the tax credit applicant does not owe any delinquent income, sales, or use tax or interest 117or penalties on such taxes, or any delinquent fees or assessments levied by any 118 state department and through the department of insurance, financial institutions 119 and professional registration that the applicant does not owe any delinquent 120insurance taxes. Such delinquency shall not affect the authorization of the 121application for such tax credits, except that the amount of credits issued shall be 122reduced by the applicant's tax delinquency. If the department of revenue or the 123124 department of insurance, financial institutions and professional registration, or any other state department, concludes that a taxpayer is delinquent after June 125fifteenth but before July first of any year and the application of tax credits to 126 127such delinquency causes a tax deficiency on behalf of the taxpayer to arise, then 128the taxpayer shall be granted thirty days to satisfy the deficiency in which 129 interest, penalties, and additions to tax shall be tolled. After applying all 130 available credits toward a tax delinquency, the administering agency shall notify the appropriate department, and that department shall update the amount of 131 outstanding delinquent tax owed by the applicant. If any credits remain after 132satisfying all insurance, income, sales, and use tax delinquencies, the remaining 133 credits shall be issued to the applicant, subject to the restrictions of other 134provisions of law. 135
 - 15. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, no tax credits provided under this section shall be authorized on or after August 28, 2015. The provisions of this subsection shall not be construed to limit or in any way impair the department's ability to issue tax credits authorized prior to August 28, 2015, or a taxpayer's ability to redeem such tax credits.

135.1150. 1. This section shall be known and may be cited as the 2 "Residential Treatment Agency Tax Credit Act".

- 3 2. As used in this section, the following terms mean:
- 4 (1) "Certificate", a tax credit certificate issued under this section;
- 5 (2) "Department", the Missouri department of social services;
- 6 (3) "Eligible donation", donations received from a taxpayer by an agency
- 7 that are used solely to provide direct care services to children who are residents
- 8 of this state. Eligible donations may include cash, publicly traded stocks and
- 9 bonds, and real estate that will be valued and documented according to rules
- 10 promulgated by the department of social services. For purposes of this section,
- 11 "direct care services" include but are not limited to increasing the quality of care
- 12 and service for children through improved employee compensation and training;
- 13 (4) "Qualified residential treatment agency" or "agency", a residential care
- 14 facility that is licensed under section 210.484, accredited by the Council on
- 15 Accreditation (COA), the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Healthcare
- 16 Organizations (JCAHO), or the Commission on Accreditation of Rehabilitation
- 17 Facilities (CARF), and is under contract with the Missouri department of social
- 18 services to provide treatment services for children who are residents or wards of
- 19 residents of this state, and that receives eligible donations. Any agency that
- 20 operates more than one facility or at more than one location shall be eligible for
- 21 the tax credit under this section only for any eligible donation made to facilities
- 22 or locations of the agency which are licensed and accredited;
- 23 (5) "Taxpayer", any of the following individuals or entities who make an
- 24 eligible donation to an agency:
- 25 (a) A person, firm, partner in a firm, corporation, or a shareholder in an
- 26 S corporation doing business in the state of Missouri and subject to the state
- 27 income tax imposed in chapter 143;
- 28 (b) A corporation subject to the annual corporation franchise tax imposed
- 29 in chapter 147;
- 30 (c) An insurance company paying an annual tax on its gross premium
- 31 receipts in this state;
- 32 (d) Any other financial institution paying taxes to the state of Missouri
- 33 or any political subdivision of this state under chapter 148;
- 34 (e) An individual subject to the state income tax imposed in chapter 143;
- 35 (f) Any charitable organization which is exempt from federal income tax
- 36 and whose Missouri unrelated business taxable income, if any, would be subject
- 37 to the state income tax imposed under chapter 143.
- 38 3. For all taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2007, but

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ending on or before December 31, 2011, any taxpayer shall be allowed a 39 40 credit against the taxes otherwise due under chapter 147, 148, or 143, excluding withholding tax imposed by sections 143.191 to 143.265, in an amount equal to 41 42fifty percent of the amount of an eligible donation, subject to the restrictions in this section. For all taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2012, 43 any taxpayer shall be allowed a credit against the taxes otherwise due 45 under chapter 147, 148, or 143, excluding withholding tax imposed by sections 143.191 to 143.265, in an amount equal to thirty-five percent of 46 the amount of an eligible donation, subject to the restrictions in this 47section. The amount of the tax credit claimed shall not exceed the amount of the 48 taxpayer's state income tax liability in the tax year for which the credit is 50 claimed. Any amount of credit that the taxpayer is prohibited by this section 51from claiming in a tax year shall not be refundable, but may be carried forward to any of the taxpayer's four subsequent taxable years. 52

- 4. To claim the credit authorized in this section, an agency may submit to the department an application for the tax credit authorized by this section on behalf of taxpayers. The department shall verify that the agency has submitted the following items accurately and completely:
 - (1) A valid application in the form and format required by the department;
- (2) A statement attesting to the eligible donation received, which shall include the name and taxpayer identification number of the individual making the eligible donation, the amount of the eligible donation, and the date the eligible donation was received by the agency; and
- 62 (3) Payment from the agency equal to the value of the tax credit for which 63 application is made. If the agency applying for the tax credit meets all criteria 64 required by this subsection, the department shall issue a certificate in the 65 appropriate amount.
 - 5. An agency may apply for tax credits in an aggregate amount that does not exceed forty percent of the payments made by the department to the agency in the preceding twelve months.
 - 6. Tax credits issued under this section may be assigned, transferred, sold, or otherwise conveyed, and the new owner of the tax credit shall have the same rights in the credit as the taxpayer. Whenever a certificate is assigned, transferred, sold, or otherwise conveyed, a notarized endorsement shall be filed with the department specifying the name and address of the new owner of the tax credit or the value of the credit.

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75 7. The department shall promulgate rules to implement the provisions of 76 this section. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall 77 78 become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are 79 80 nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul 81 82 a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking 83 authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2006, shall be invalid and void. 84

- 8. Under section 23.253 of the Missouri sunset act:
- (1) The provisions of the new program authorized under this section shall automatically sunset six years after August 28, 2006, unless reauthorized by an act of the general assembly; and
- 89 (2) If such program is reauthorized, the program authorized under this 90 section shall automatically sunset twelve years after the effective date of the 91 reauthorization of this section; and
- 92 (3) This section shall terminate on September first of the calendar year 93 immediately following the calendar year in which the program authorized under 94 this section is sunset.

137.1018. 1. The commission shall ascertain the statewide average rate of property taxes levied the preceding year, based upon the total assessed valuation of the railroad and street railway companies and the total property taxes levied upon the railroad and street railway companies. It shall determine total property taxes levied from reports prescribed by the commission from the railroad and street railway companies. Total taxes levied shall not include revenues from the surtax on subclass three real property.

- 2. The commission shall report its determination of average property tax rate for the preceding year, together with the taxable distributable assessed valuation of each freight line company for the current year to the director no later than October first of each year.
- 3. Taxes on property of such freight line companies shall be collected at the state level by the director on behalf of the counties and other local public taxing entities and shall be distributed in accordance with sections 137.1021 and 137.1024. The director shall tax such property based upon the distributable assessed valuation attributable to Missouri of each freight line company, using

- 17 the average tax rate for the preceding year of the railroad and street railway
- 18 companies certified by the commission. Such tax shall be due and payable on or
- 19 before December thirty-first of the year levied and, if it becomes delinquent, shall
- 20 be subject to a penalty equal to that specified in section 140.100.
 - [4. (1) As used in this subsection, the following terms mean:
- 22 (a) "Eligible expenses", expenses incurred in this state to manufacture,
- 23 maintain, or improve a freight line company's qualified rolling stock;
- 24 (b) "Qualified rolling stock", any freight, stock, refrigerator, or other
- 25 railcars subject to the tax levied under this section.
- 26 (2) For all taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2009, a freight
- 27 line company shall, subject to appropriation, be allowed a credit against the tax
- 28 levied under this section for the applicable tax year. The tax credit amount shall
- 29 be equal to the amount of eligible expenses incurred during the calendar year
- 30 immediately preceding the tax year for which the credit under this section is
- 31 claimed. The amount of the tax credit issued shall not exceed the freight line
- 32 company's liability for the tax levied under this section for the tax year for which
- 33 the credit is claimed.

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- 34 (3) A freight line company may apply for the credit by submitting to the
- 35 commission an application in the form prescribed by the state tax commission.
- 36 (4) Subject to appropriation, the state shall reimburse, on an annual
- 37 basis, any political subdivision of this state for any decrease in revenue due to the
- 38 provisions of this subsection.
- 5. Pursuant to section 23.253 of the Missouri sunset act:
- 40 (1) The provisions of the new program authorized under this section shall
- 41 automatically sunset six years after August 28, 2008, unless reauthorized by an
- 42 act of the general assembly; and
- 43 (2) If such program is reauthorized, the program authorized under this
- 44 section shall automatically sunset twelve years after the effective date of the
- 45 reauthorization of this section; and
- 46 (3) This section shall terminate on September first of the calendar year
- 47 immediately following the calendar year in which the program authorized under
- 48 this section is sunset.]
 - 143.471. 1. An S corporation, as defined by Section 1361 (a)(1) of the
 - 2 Internal Revenue Code, shall not be subject to the taxes imposed by section
 - 3 143.071, or other sections imposing income tax on corporations.
- 4 2. A shareholder of an S corporation shall determine such shareholder's

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S corporation modification and pro rata share, including its character, by 6 applying the following:

- (1) Any modification described in sections 143.121 and 143.141 which relates to an item of S corporation income, gain, loss, or deduction shall be made in accordance with the shareholder's pro rata share, for federal income tax purposes, of the item to which the modification relates. Where a shareholder's pro rata share of any such item is not required to be taken into account 12 separately for federal income tax purposes, the shareholder's pro rata share of 13 such item shall be determined in accordance with his pro rata share, for federal income tax purposes, of S corporation taxable income or loss generally;
 - (2) Each item of S corporation income, gain, loss, or deduction shall have the same character for a shareholder pursuant to sections 143.005 to 143.998 as it has for federal income tax purposes. Where an item is not characterized for federal income tax purposes, it shall have the same character for a shareholder as if realized directly from the source from which realized by the S corporation or incurred in the same manner as incurred by the S corporation.
 - 3. A nonresident shareholder of an S corporation shall determine such shareholder's Missouri nonresident adjusted gross income and his or her nonresident shareholder modification by applying the provisions of this subsection. Items shall be determined to be from sources within this state pursuant to regulations of the director of revenue in a manner consistent with the division of income provisions of section 143.451, section 143.461, or section 32.200 (Multistate Tax Compact). In determining the adjusted gross income of a nonresident shareholder of any S corporation, there shall be included only that part derived from or connected with sources in this state of the shareholder's pro rata share of items of S corporation income, gain, loss or deduction entering into shareholder's federal adjusted gross income, as such part is determined pursuant to regulations prescribed by the director of revenue in accordance with the general rules in section 143.181. Any modification described in subsections 2 and 3 of section 143.121 and in section 143.141, which relates to an item of S corporation income, gain, loss, or deduction shall be made in accordance with the shareholder's pro rata share, for federal income tax purposes, of the item to which the modification relates, but limited to the portion of such item derived from or connected with sources in this state.
 - 4. The director of revenue shall permit S corporations to file composite returns and to make composite payments of tax on behalf of its nonresident

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shareholders not otherwise required to file a return. If the nonresident shareholder's filing requirements result solely from one or more interests in any other partnerships or subchapter S corporations, that nonresident shareholder may be included in the composite return.

- 5. If an S corporation pays or credits amounts to any of its nonresident individual shareholders as dividends or as their share of the S corporation's undistributed taxable income for the taxable year, the S corporation shall either timely file with the department of revenue an agreement as provided in subsection 6 of this section or withhold Missouri income tax as provided in subsection 7 of this section. An S corporation that timely files an agreement as provided in subsection 6 of this section with respect to a nonresident shareholder for a taxable year shall be considered to have timely filed such an agreement for each subsequent taxable year. An S corporation that does not timely file such an agreement for a taxable year shall not be precluded from timely filing such an agreement for subsequent taxable years. An S corporation is not required to deduct and withhold Missouri income tax for a nonresident shareholder if:
- 57 (1) The nonresident shareholder not otherwise required to file a return 58 agrees to have the Missouri income tax due paid as part of the S corporation's 59 composite return;
- 60 (2) The nonresident shareholder not otherwise required to file a return 61 had Missouri assignable federal adjusted gross income from the S corporation of 62 less than twelve hundred dollars;
 - (3) The S corporation is liquidated or terminated;
- 64 (4) Income was generated by a transaction related to termination or 65 liquidation; or
- 66 (5) No cash or other property was distributed in the current and prior taxable year.
- 68 6. The agreement referred to in subdivision (1) of subsection 5 of this section is an agreement of a nonresident shareholder of the S corporation to:
- 70 (1) File a return in accordance with the provisions of section 143.481 and 71 to make timely payment of all taxes imposed on the shareholder by this state 72 with respect to income of the S corporation; and
- 73 (2) Be subject to personal jurisdiction in this state for purposes of the 74 collection of income taxes, together with related interest and penalties, imposed 75 on the shareholder by this state with respect to the income of the S 76 corporation. The agreement will be considered timely filed for a taxable year, and

for all subsequent taxable years, if it is filed at or before the time the annual return for such taxable year is required to be filed pursuant to section 143.511.

- 7. The amount of Missouri income tax to be withheld is determined by multiplying the amount of dividends or undistributed income allocable to Missouri that is paid or credited to a nonresident shareholder during the taxable year by the highest rate used to determine a Missouri income tax liability for an individual, except that the amount of the tax withheld may be determined based on withholding tables provided by the director of revenue if the shareholder submits a Missouri withholding allowance certificate.
 - 8. An S corporation shall be entitled to recover for a shareholder on whose behalf a tax payment was made pursuant to this section, if such shareholder has no tax liability.
 - 9. With respect to S corporations that are banks or bank holding companies, a pro rata share of the tax credit for the tax payable pursuant to chapter 148 shall be allowed against each S corporation shareholders' state income tax as follows, provided the bank otherwise complies with section 148.112:
 - (1) The credit allowed by this subsection shall be equal to the bank tax calculated pursuant to chapter 148 based on bank income in 1999 and after, on a bank that makes an election pursuant to 26 U.S.C. Section 1362, and such credit shall be allocated to the qualifying shareholder according to stock ownership, determined by multiplying a fraction, where the numerator is the shareholder's stock, and the denominator is the total stock issued by such bank or bank holding company;
 - (2) The tax credit authorized in this subsection shall be permitted only to the shareholders that qualify as S corporation shareholders, provided the stock at all times during the taxable period qualifies as S corporation stock as defined in 26 U.S.C. Section 1361, and such stock is held by the shareholder during the taxable period. The credit created by this section on a yearly basis is available to each qualifying shareholder, including shareholders filing joint returns. A bank holding company is not allowed this credit, except that, such credit shall flow through to such bank holding company's qualified shareholders, and be allocated to such shareholders under the same conditions; and
- (3) In the event such shareholder cannot use all or part of the tax credit in the taxable period of receipt, such shareholder may carry forward such tax credit for a period of the lesser of five years or until used, provided such credits are used as soon as the taxpayer has Missouri taxable income.

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10. With respect to S corporations that are associations, a pro rata share of the tax credit for the tax payable under chapter 148 shall be allowed against each S corporation shareholders' state income tax as follows, provided the association otherwise complies with section 148.655:

- (1) The credit allowed by this subsection shall be equal to the savings and loan association tax calculated under chapter 148 based on the computations provided in section 148.630 on an association that makes an election under 26 U.S.C. Section 1362, and such credit shall be allocated to the qualifying shareholder according to stock ownership, determined by multiplying a fraction, where the numerator is the shareholder's stock, and the denominator is the total stock issued by the association;
- (2) The tax credit authorized in this subsection shall be permitted only to 124 the shareholders that qualify as S corporation shareholders, provided the stock 125 at all times during the taxable period qualifies as S corporation stock as defined 126 in 26 U.S.C. Section 1361, and such stock is held by the shareholder during the 127 taxable period. The credit created by this section on a yearly basis is available 128 to each qualifying shareholder, including shareholders filing joint returns. A 129 savings and loan association holding company is not allowed this credit, except 130 that, such credit shall flow through to such savings and loan association holding 131 132 company's qualified shareholders, and be allocated to such shareholders under 133 the same conditions; and
 - (3) In the event such shareholder cannot use all or part of the tax credit in the taxable period of receipt, such shareholder may carry forward such tax credit for a period of the lesser of five years or until used, provided such credits are used as soon as the taxpayer has Missouri taxable income.
 - 11. With respect to S corporations that are credit institutions, a pro rata share of the tax credit for the tax payable under chapter 148 shall be allowed against each S corporation shareholders' state income tax as follows, provided the credit institution otherwise complies with section 148.657:
 - (1) The credit allowed by this subsection shall be equal to the credit institution tax calculated under chapter 148 based on the computations provided in section 148.150 on a credit institution that makes an election under 26 U.S.C. Section 1362, and such credit shall be allocated to the qualifying shareholder according to stock ownership, determined by multiplying a fraction, where the numerator is the shareholder's stock, and the denominator is the total stock issued by such credit institution;

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- 149 (2) The tax credit authorized in this subsection shall be permitted only to 150 the shareholders that qualify as S corporation shareholders, provided the stock at all times during the taxable period qualifies as S corporation stock as defined 151 152in 26 U.S.C. Section 1361, and such stock is held by the shareholder during the taxable period. The credit created by this section on a yearly basis is available 153 154 to each qualifying shareholder, including shareholders filing joint returns. A 155 credit institution holding company is not allowed this credit, except that, such 156 credit shall flow through to such credit institution holding company's qualified 157 shareholders, and be allocated to such shareholders under the same conditions; 158 and
 - (3) In the event such shareholder cannot use all or part of the tax credit in the taxable period of receipt, such shareholder may carry forward such tax credit for a period of the lesser of five years or until used, provided such credits are used as soon as the taxpayer has Missouri taxable income.
 - 12. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, no tax credits provided under this section shall be authorized on or after August 28, 2013. The provisions of this subsection shall not be construed to limit or in any way impair the department's ability to issue tax credits authorized prior to August 28, 2013, or a taxpayer's ability to redeem such tax credits.
 - 148.064. 1. Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, this section shall determine the ordering and limit reductions for certain taxes and tax credits which may be used as credits against various taxes paid or payable by banking institutions. Except as adjusted in subsections 2, 3 and 6 of this section, such credits shall be applied in the following order until used against:
 - 6 (1) The tax on banks determined under subdivision (2) of subsection 2 of section 148.030;
 - 8 (2) The tax on banks determined under subdivision (1) of subsection 2 of 9 section 148.030;
- 10 (3) The state income tax in section 143.071.
- 2. The tax credits permitted against taxes payable pursuant to subdivision
 (2) of subsection 2 of section 148.030 shall be utilized first and include taxes
 referenced in subdivisions (2) and (3) of subsection 1 of this section, which shall
 be determined without reduction for any tax credits identified in subsection 5 of
 this section which are used to reduce such taxes. Where a banking institution
 subject to this section joins in the filing of a consolidated state income tax return

under chapter 143, the credit allowed under this section for state income taxes payable under chapter 143 shall be determined based upon the consolidated state income tax liability of the group and allocated to a banking institution, without reduction for any tax credits identified in subsection 5 of this section which are used to reduce such consolidated taxes as provided in chapter 143.

- 3. The taxes referenced in subdivisions (2) and (3) of subsection 1 of this section may be reduced by the tax credits in subsection 5 of this section without regard to any adjustments in subsection 2 of this section.
- 4. To the extent that certain tax credits which the taxpayer is entitled to claim are transferable, such transferability may include transfers among such taxpayers who are members of a single consolidated income tax return, and this subsection shall not impact other tax credit transferability.
- 5. For the purpose of this section, the tax credits referred to in subsections 2 and 3 shall include tax credits available for economic development, low-income housing and neighborhood assistance which the taxpayer is entitled to claim for the year, including by way of example and not of limitation, tax credits pursuant to the following sections: section 32.115, section 100.286, and sections 135.110, 135.225, 135.352 and 135.403.
- 6. For tax returns filed on or after January 1, 2001, including returns based on income in the year 2000, and after, a banking institution shall be entitled to an annual tax credit equal to one-sixtieth of one percent of its outstanding shares and surplus employed in this state if the outstanding shares and surplus exceed one million dollars, determined in the same manner as in section 147.010. This tax credit shall be taken as a dollar-for-dollar credit against the bank tax provided for in subdivision (2) of subsection 2 of section 148.030; if such bank tax was already reduced to zero by other credits, then against the corporate income tax provided for in chapter 143.
 - 7. In the event the corporation franchise tax in chapter 147 is repealed by the general assembly, there shall also be a reduction in the taxation of banks as follows: in lieu of the loss of the corporation franchise tax credit reduction in subdivision (1) of subsection 2 of section 148.030, the bank shall receive a tax credit equal to one and one-half percent of net income as determined in this chapter. This subsection shall take effect at the same time the corporation franchise tax in chapter 147 is repealed.
- 8. An S corporation bank or bank holding company that otherwise qualifies to distribute tax credits to its shareholders shall pass through any tax

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credits referred to in subsection 5 of this section to its shareholders as otherwise provided for in subsection 9 of section 143.471 with no reductions or limitations resulting from the transfer through such S corporation, and on the same terms originally made available to the original taxpayer, subject to any original dollar or percentage limitations on such credits, and when such S corporation is the original taxpayer, treating such S corporation as having not elected Subchapter S status.

- 9. Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, in the event the corporation franchise tax in chapter 147 is repealed by the general assembly, after such repeal all Missouri taxes of any nature and type imposed directly or used as a tax credit against the bank's taxes shall be passed through to the S corporation bank or bank holding company shareholder in the form otherwise permitted by law, except for the following:
- 66 (1) Credits for taxes on real estate and tangible personal property owned 67 by the bank and held for lease or rental to others;
- 68 (2) Contributions paid pursuant to the unemployment compensation tax 69 law of Missouri; or
- 70 (3) State and local sales and use taxes collected by the bank on its sales 71 of tangible personal property and the services enumerated in chapter 144.
 - 10. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, no tax credits provided under this section shall be authorized on or after August 28, 2013. The provisions of this subsection shall not be construed to limit or in any way impair the department's ability to issue tax credits authorized prior to August 28, 2013, or a taxpayer's ability to redeem such tax credits.

148.400. **1.** All insurance companies or associations organized in or admitted to this state may deduct from premium taxes payable to this state, in addition to all other credits allowed by law, income taxes, franchise taxes, personal property taxes, valuation fees, registration fees and examination fees paid, including taxes and fees paid by the attorney-in-fact of a reciprocal or interinsurance exchange to the extent attributable to the principal business as such attorney-in-fact, under any law of this state. Unless rejected by the general assembly by April 1, 2003, for all tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2003, a deduction for examination fees which exceeds an insurance company's or association's premium tax liability for the same tax year shall not be refundable, but may be carried forward to any subsequent tax year, not to exceed five years,

until the full deduction is claimed; except that, notwithstanding the provisions of section 148.380, if any deduction is claimed through the carryforward provisions of this section, it shall be credited wholly against the general revenue fund and shall not cause a reduction in revenue to the county foreign insurance fund.

2. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, no tax credits provided under this section shall be authorized on or after August 28, 2013. The provisions of this subsection shall not be construed to limit or in any way impair the department's ability to issue tax credits authorized prior to August 28, 2013, or a taxpayer's ability to redeem such tax credits.

208.770. 1. Moneys deposited in or withdrawn pursuant to subsection 1 of section 208.760 from a family development account by an account holder are exempted from taxation pursuant to chapter 143, excluding withholding tax imposed by sections 143.191 to 143.265, and chapter 147, 148 or 153 provided, however, that any money withdrawn for an unapproved use should be subject to tax as required by law.

- 7 2. Interest earned by a family development account is exempted from 8 taxation pursuant to chapter 143.
- 9 3. Any funds in a family development account, including accrued interest, 10 shall be disregarded when determining eligibility to receive, or the amount of, any 11 public assistance or benefits.
- 12 4. A program contributor shall be allowed a credit against the tax imposed 13 by chapter 143, excluding withholding tax imposed by sections 143.191 to 143.265, and chapter 147, 148 or 153, pursuant to sections 208.750 to 14208.775. For all taxable years ending on or before December 31, 2011, 15contributions up to fifty thousand dollars per program contributor are eligible for 16 the tax credit which shall not exceed fifty percent of the contribution 17amount. For all taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2012, 18 contributions up to fifty thousand dollars per program contributor are 20eligible for the tax credit which shall not exceed thirty-five percent of the contribution amount. 21
- 5. The department of economic development shall verify all tax credit claims by contributors. The administrator of the community-based organization, with the cooperation of the participating financial institutions, shall submit the names of contributors and the total amount each contributor contributes to a

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family development account reserve fund for the calendar year. The director shall determine the date by which such information shall be submitted to the department by the local administrator. The department shall submit verification of qualified tax credits pursuant to sections 208.750 to 208.775 to the department of revenue.

- 6. For all fiscal years ending on or before June 30, 2010, the total tax credits authorized pursuant to sections 208.750 to 208.775 shall not exceed four million dollars in any fiscal year. For all fiscal years beginning on or after July 1, 2010, the total tax credits authorized under sections 208.750 to 208.775 shall not exceed three hundred thousand dollars in any fiscal year.
 - 7. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, no tax credits provided under this section shall be authorized on or after August 28, 2017. The provisions of this subsection shall not be construed to limit or in any way impair the department's ability to issue tax credits authorized prior to August 28, 2017, or a taxpayer's ability to redeem such tax credits.

253.550. 1. Any taxpayer incurring costs and expenses for the rehabilitation of eligible property, which is a certified historic structure or structure in a certified historic district, may, subject to the provisions of this section and section 253.559, receive a credit against the taxes imposed pursuant to chapters 143 and 148, except for sections 143.191 to 143.265, on such taxpayer in an amount equal to twenty-five percent of the total costs and expenses of rehabilitation incurred after January 1, 1998, which shall include, but not be limited to, qualified rehabilitation expenditures as defined under section 47(c)(2)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and the related regulations thereunder, provided the rehabilitation costs associated with 10 rehabilitation and the expenses exceed fifty percent of the total basis in the 11 property and the rehabilitation meets standards consistent with the standards 12of the Secretary of the United States Department of the Interior for rehabilitation 13 14 as determined by the state historic preservation officer of the Missouri department of natural resources. 15

2. During the period beginning on January 1, 2010, but ending on or after
June 30, 2010, the department of economic development shall not approve
applications for tax credits under the provisions of subsections 3 and 8 of section
yet 253.559 which, in the aggregate, exceed seventy million dollars, increased by any
amount of tax credits for which approval shall be rescinded under the provisions

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of section 253.559. For each fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2010, but 2122 ending on or before June 30, 2012, the department of economic development shall not approve applications for tax credits under the provisions of subsections 23243 and 8 of section 253.559 which, in the aggregate, exceed one hundred forty million dollars, increased by any amount of tax credits for which approval shall 2526 be rescinded under the provisions of section 253.559. The limitations provided under this subsection shall not apply to applications approved under the 2728 provisions of subsection 3 of section 253.559 for projects to receive less than two 29 hundred seventy-five thousand dollars in tax credits.

- 3. For all applications for tax credits approved on or after January 1, 2010, **but before June 30, 2012,** no more than two hundred fifty thousand dollars in tax credits may be issued for eligible costs and expenses incurred in the rehabilitation of an eligible property which is a nonincome producing single-family, owner-occupied residential property and is either a certified historic structure or a structure in a certified historic district.
- 36 4. The limitations on tax credit authorization provided under the 37 provisions of subsections 2 and 3 of this section shall not apply to:
- 38 (1) Any application submitted by a taxpayer, which has received approval 39 from the department prior to January 1, 2010; or
- 40 (2) Any taxpayer applying for tax credits, provided under this section, 41 which, on or before January 1, 2010, has filed an application with the department 42 evidencing that such taxpayer:
- 43 (a) Has incurred costs and expenses for an eligible property which exceed 44 the lesser of five percent of the total project costs or one million dollars and 45 received an approved Part I from the Secretary of the United States Department 46 of Interior; or
- (b) Has received certification, by the state historic preservation officer, that the rehabilitation plan meets the standards consistent with the standards of the Secretary of the United States Department of the Interior, and the rehabilitation costs and expenses associated with such rehabilitation shall exceed fifty percent of the total basis in the property.
- 5. For each fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2012, the department of economic development shall not approve applications for tax credits under the provisions of subsections 3 and 8 of section 253.559 which, in the aggregate, exceed seventy-five million dollars, increased by any amount of tax credits for which approval shall be

57 rescinded under the provisions of section 253.559.

- 6. For all applications for tax credits approved on or after July 1, 2012, no more than fifty thousand dollars in tax credits may be issued for eligible costs and expenses incurred in the rehabilitation of an eligible property which is a nonincome producing single-family, owner-occupied residential property and is either a certified historic structure or a structure in a certified historic district. For purposes of this subsection, "eligible property" shall not include any property with a purchase price in excess of one hundred fifty thousand dollars.
- 7. In lieu of the limitations on tax credit authorization provided under the provisions of subsections 5 and 6 of this section, the limitations on tax credit authorization provided under the provisions of subsections 2 and 3 of this section shall apply to:
- 70 (1) Any application submitted by a taxpayer, which has received 71 approval from the department prior to July 1, 2012; or
- 72 (2) Any taxpayer applying for tax credits, provided under this 73 section, which, on or before January 1, 2012, has filed an application 74 with the department evidencing that such taxpayer:
 - (a) Has incurred costs and expenses for an eligible property which exceed the lesser of fifteen percent of the total project costs or three million dollars and received an approved Part I from the Secretary of the United States Department of Interior; or
 - (b) Has received certification, by the state historic preservation officer, that the rehabilitation plan meets the standards consistent with the standards of the Secretary of the United States Department of the Interior, and the rehabilitation costs and expenses associated with such rehabilitation shall exceed fifty percent of the total basis in the property.
- 253.557. 1. If the amount of such credit exceeds the total tax liability for the year in which the rehabilitated property is placed in service, the amount that exceeds the state tax liability may be carried back to any of the three preceding years and carried forward for credit against the taxes imposed pursuant to chapter 143 and chapter 148, except for sections 143.191 to 143.265 for the succeeding ten years, or until the full credit is used, whichever occurs first. Not-for-profit entities, including but not limited to corporations organized as not-for-profit corporations pursuant to chapter 355 shall be ineligible for the tax credits authorized under sections 253.545 [through 253.561] to 253.559. Any

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taxpayer that receives tax credits under the provisions of sections 10 11 135.350 to 135.363 or sections 135.475 to 135.487 shall be ineligible for the tax credits authorized under sections 253.545 to 253.559 for the same project. Taxpayers eligible for such tax credits may transfer, sell or 13 assign the credits. Credits granted to a partnership, a limited liability company 14 15 taxed as a partnership or multiple owners of property shall be passed through to 16 the partners, members or owners respectively pro rata or pursuant to an executed agreement among the partners, members or owners documenting an alternate 17 18 distribution method.

2. The assignee of the tax credits, hereinafter the assignee for purposes of this subsection, may use acquired credits to offset up to one hundred percent of the tax liabilities otherwise imposed pursuant to chapter 143 and chapter 148, except for sections 143.191 to 143.265. The assignor shall perfect such transfer by notifying the department of economic development in writing within thirty calendar days following the effective date of the transfer and shall provide any information as may be required by the department of economic development to administer and carry out the provisions of this section.

253.559. 1. To obtain approval for tax credits allowed under sections 253.545 to 253.559, a taxpayer shall submit an application for tax credits to the 3 department of economic development. Each application for approval, including 4 any applications received for supplemental allocations of tax credits as provided 5 under subsection 8 of this section, shall be prioritized for review and approval, in the order of the date on which the application was postmarked, with the oldest 7 postmarked date receiving priority. Applications postmarked on the same day 8 shall go through a lottery process to determine the order in which such 9 applications shall be reviewed.

- 2. Each application shall be reviewed by the department of economic development for approval. In order to receive approval, an application, other than applications submitted under the provisions of subsection 8 of this section, shall include:
- 14 (1) Proof of ownership or site control. Proof of ownership shall include 15 evidence that the taxpayer is the fee simple owner of the eligible property, such 16 as a warranty deed or a closing statement. Proof of site control may be evidenced 17 by a leasehold interest or an option to acquire such an interest. If the taxpayer 18 is in the process of acquiring fee simple ownership, proof of site control shall 19 include an executed sales contract or an executed option to purchase the eligible

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21 (2) Floor plans of the existing structure, architectural plans, and, where applicable, plans of the proposed alterations to the structure, as well as proposed 22 23additions;

- 24(3) The estimated cost of rehabilitation, the anticipated total costs of the 25 project, the actual basis of the property, as shown by proof of actual acquisition costs, the anticipated total labor costs, the estimated project start date, and the 26 27estimated project completion date;
 - (4) Proof that the property is an eligible property and a certified historic structure or a structure in a certified historic district; and
 - (5) Any other information which the department of economic development may reasonably require to review the project for approval. Only the property for which a property address is provided in the application shall be reviewed for approval. Once selected for review, a taxpayer shall not be permitted to request the review of another property for approval in the place of the property contained in such application. Any disapproved application shall be removed from the review process. If an application is removed from the review process, the department of economic development shall notify the taxpayer in writing of the decision to remove such application. Disapproved applications shall lose priority in the review process. A disapproved application, which is removed from the review process, may be resubmitted, but shall be deemed to be a new submission for purposes of the priority procedures described in this section.
- 423. If the department of economic development deems the application 43 sufficient, the taxpayer shall be notified in writing of the approval for an amount of tax credits equal to the amount provided under section 253.550 less any 44 amount of tax credits previously approved. Such approvals shall be granted to 45 applications in the order of priority established under this section and shall 46 require full compliance thereafter with all other requirements of law as a 47 condition to any claim for such credits. 48
- 49 4. Following approval of an application, the identity of the taxpayer contained in such application shall not be modified except: 50
- (1) The taxpayer may add partners, members, or shareholders as part of the ownership structure, so long as the principal remains the same, provided however, that subsequent to the commencement of renovation and the 53 expenditure of at least ten percent of the proposed rehabilitation budget, removal 54of the principal for failure to perform duties and the appointment of a new

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56 principal thereafter shall not constitute a change of the principal; or

- (2) Where the ownership of the project is changed due to a foreclosure, deed in lieu of a foreclosure or voluntary conveyance, or a transfer in bankruptcy.
- 5. In the event that the department of economic development grants approval for tax credits equal to the **applicable** total amount available under subsection 2 **or** 5 of section 253.550, or sufficient that when totaled with all other approvals, the **applicable** amount available under subsection 2 **or** 5 of section 253.550 is exhausted, all taxpayers with applications then awaiting approval or thereafter submitted for approval shall be notified by the department of economic development that no additional approvals shall be granted during the fiscal year and shall be notified of the priority given to such taxpayer's application then awaiting approval. Such applications shall be kept on file by the department of economic development and shall be considered for approval for tax credits in the order established in this section in the event that additional credits become available due to the rescission of approvals or when a new fiscal year's allocation of credits becomes available for approval.
- 6. All taxpayers with applications receiving approval on or after the effective date of this act shall commence rehabilitation within two years of the date of issuance of the letter from the department of economic development granting the approval for tax credits. "Commencement of rehabilitation" shall mean that as of the date in which actual physical work, contemplated by the architectural plans submitted with the application, has begun, the taxpayer has incurred no less than ten percent of the estimated costs of rehabilitation provided in the application. Taxpayers with approval of a project shall submit evidence of compliance with the provisions of this subsection. If the department of economic development determines that a taxpayer has failed to comply with the requirements provided under this section, the approval for the amount of tax credits for such taxpayer shall be rescinded and such amount of tax credits shall then be included in the applicable total amount of tax credits, provided under subsection 2 or 5 of section 253.550, from which approvals may be granted. Any taxpayer whose approval shall be subject to rescission shall be notified of such from the department of economic development and, upon receipt of such notice, may submit a new application for the project.
- 7. To claim the credit authorized under sections 253.550 to 253.559, a taxpayer with approval shall apply for final approval and issuance of tax credits from the department of economic development which, in consultation with the

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92 department of natural resources, shall determine the final amount of eligible 93 rehabilitation costs and expenses and whether the completed rehabilitation meets the standards of the Secretary of the United States Department of the Interior 94 95 for rehabilitation as determined by the state historic preservation officer of the Missouri department of natural resources. For financial institutions credits 96 97 authorized pursuant to sections 253.550 to 253.561 shall be deemed to be 98 economic development credits for purposes of section 148.064. The approval of all applications and the issuing of certificates of eligible credits to taxpayers shall 99 100 be performed by the department of economic development. The department of 101 economic development shall inform a taxpayer of final approval by letter and 102 shall issue, to the taxpayer, tax credit certificates. The taxpayer shall attach the 103 certificate to all Missouri income tax returns on which the credit is claimed.

- 8. Except as expressly provided in this subsection, tax credit certificates shall be issued in the final year that costs and expenses of rehabilitation of the project are incurred, or within the twelve-month period immediately following the conclusion of such rehabilitation. In the event the amount of eligible rehabilitation costs and expenses incurred by a taxpayer would result in the issuance of an amount of tax credits in excess of the amount provided under such taxpayer's approval granted under subsection 3 of this section, such taxpayer may apply to the department for issuance of tax credits in an amount equal to such excess. Applications for issuance of tax credits in excess of the amount provided under a taxpayer's application shall be made on a form prescribed by the department. Such applications shall be subject to all provisions regarding priority provided under subsection 1 of this section.
- 9. The department of economic development shall determine, on an annual basis, the overall economic impact to the state from the rehabilitation of eligible property.
- 10. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, no tax credits provided under sections 253.545 to 253.559 shall be authorized on or after August 28, 2017. The provisions of this subsection shall not be construed to limit or in any way impair the department's ability to issue tax credits authorized prior to August 28, 2017, or a taxpayer's ability to redeem such tax credits.
 - 348.430. 1. The tax credit created in this section shall be known as the "Agricultural Product Utilization Contributor Tax Credit".
 - 2. As used in this section, the following terms mean:

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- 4 (1) "Authority", the agriculture and small business development authority 5 as provided in this chapter;
- 6 (2) "Contributor", an individual, partnership, corporation, trust, limited 7 liability company, entity or person that contributes cash funds to the authority;
- 8 (3) "Development facility", a facility producing either a good derived from 9 an agricultural commodity or using a process to produce a good derived from an 10 agricultural product;
- 11 (4) "Eligible new generation cooperative", a nonprofit cooperative 12 association formed pursuant to chapter 274, or incorporated pursuant to chapter 13 357, for the purpose of operating within this state a development facility or a 14 renewable fuel production facility;
 - (5) "Eligible new generation processing entity", a partnership, corporation, cooperative, or limited liability company organized or incorporated pursuant to the laws of this state consisting of not less than twelve members, approved by the authority, for the purpose of owning or operating within this state a development facility or a renewable fuel production facility in which producer members:
- 20 (a) Hold a majority of the governance or voting rights of the entity and 21 any governing committee;
 - (b) Control the hiring and firing of management; and
- 23 (c) Deliver agricultural commodities or products to the entity for 24 processing, unless processing is required by multiple entities;
 - (6) "Renewable fuel production facility", a facility producing an energy source which is derived from a renewable, domestically grown, organic compound capable of powering machinery, including an engine or power plant, and any by-product derived from such energy source.
 - 3. For all tax years beginning on or after January 1, 1999, a contributor who contributes funds to the authority may receive a credit against the tax or estimated quarterly tax otherwise due pursuant to chapter 143, other than taxes withheld pursuant to sections 143.191 to 143.265, chapter 148 chapter 147, in an amount of up to one hundred percent of such contribution. Tax credits claimed in a taxable year may be done so on a quarterly basis and applied to the estimated quarterly tax pursuant to this subsection. If a quarterly tax credit claim or series of claims contributes to causing an overpayment of taxes for a taxable year, such overpayment shall not be refunded but shall be applied to the next taxable year. The awarding of such credit shall be at the approval of the authority, based on the least amount of credits necessary to provide incentive for

the contributions. A contributor that receives tax credits for a contribution to the authority shall receive no other consideration or compensation for such contribution, other than a federal tax deduction, if applicable, and goodwill.

- 4. A contributor shall submit to the authority an application for the tax credit authorized by this section on a form provided by the authority. If the contributor meets all criteria prescribed by this section and the authority, the authority shall issue a tax credit certificate in the appropriate amount. Tax credits issued pursuant to this section may be claimed in the taxable year in which the contributor contributes funds to the authority. For all fiscal years beginning on or after July 1, 2004, tax credits allowed pursuant to this section may be carried back to any of the contributor's three prior tax years and may be carried forward to any of the contributor's five subsequent taxable years. Tax credits issued pursuant to this section may be assigned, transferred or sold and the new owner of the tax credit shall have the same rights in the credit as the contributor. Whenever a certificate of tax credit is assigned, transferred, sold or otherwise conveyed, a notarized endorsement shall be filed with the authority specifying the name and address of the new owner of the tax credit or the value of the credit.
- 5. The funds derived from contributions in this section shall be used for financial assistance or technical assistance for the purposes provided in section 348.407 to rural agricultural business concepts as approved by the authority. The authority may provide or facilitate loans, equity investments, or guaranteed loans for rural agricultural business concepts, but limited to two million dollars per project or the net state economic impact, whichever is less. Loans, equity investments or guaranteed loans may only be provided to feasible projects, and for an amount that is the least amount necessary to cause the project to occur, as determined by the authority. The authority may structure the loans, equity investments or guaranteed loans in a way that facilitates the project, but also provides for a compensatory return on investment or loan payment to the authority, based on the risk of the project.
 - 6. In any given year, at least ten percent of the funds granted to rural agricultural business concepts shall be awarded to grant requests of twenty-five thousand dollars or less. No single rural agricultural business concept shall receive more than two hundred thousand dollars in grant awards from the authority. Agricultural businesses owned by minority members or women shall be given consideration in the allocation of funds.

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76 7. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, no tax credits provided under this section shall be authorized on or after August 28, 2015. The provisions of this subsection shall not be construed to limit or in any way impair the department's ability to issue tax credits authorized prior to August 28, 2015, or a taxpayer's ability to redeem such tax credits.

348.432. 1. The tax credit created in this section shall be known as the "New Generation Cooperative Incentive Tax Credit".

- 2. As used in this section, the following terms mean:
- 4 (1) "Authority", the agriculture and small business development authority 5 as provided in this chapter;
- 6 (2) "Development facility", a facility producing either a good derived from 7 an agricultural commodity or using a process to produce a good derived from an 8 agricultural product;
- 9 (3) "Eligible new generation cooperative", a nonprofit cooperative 10 association formed pursuant to chapter 274 or incorporated pursuant to chapter 11 357 for the purpose of operating within this state a development facility or a 12 renewable fuel production facility and approved by the authority;
- (4) "Eligible new generation processing entity", a partnership, corporation, cooperative, or limited liability company organized or incorporated pursuant to the laws of this state consisting of not less than twelve members, approved by the authority, for the purpose of owning or operating within this state a development facility or a renewable fuel production facility in which producer members:
- 18 (a) Hold a majority of the governance or voting rights of the entity and 19 any governing committee;
 - (b) Control the hiring and firing of management; and
- 21 (c) Deliver agricultural commodities or products to the entity for 22 processing, unless processing is required by multiple entities;
- 23 (5) "Employee-qualified capital project", an eligible new generation 24 cooperative with capital costs greater than fifteen million dollars which will 25 employ at least sixty employees;
- 26 (6) "Large capital project", an eligible new generation cooperative with capital costs greater than one million dollars;
- 28 (7) "Producer member", a person, partnership, corporation, trust or limited 29 liability company whose main purpose is agricultural production that invests cash 30 funds to an eligible new generation cooperative or eligible new generation

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- (8) "Renewable fuel production facility", a facility producing an energy source which is derived from a renewable, domestically grown, organic compound 33 capable of powering machinery, including an engine or power plant, and any by-product derived from such energy source;
- 36 (9) "Small capital project", an eligible new generation cooperative with 37 capital costs of no more than one million dollars.
 - 3. Beginning tax year 1999, and ending December 31, 2002, any producer member who invests cash funds in an eligible new generation cooperative or eligible new generation processing entity may receive a credit against the tax or estimated quarterly tax otherwise due pursuant to chapter 143, other than taxes withheld pursuant to sections 143.191 to 143.265 or chapter 148, chapter 147, in an amount equal to the lesser of fifty percent of such producer member's investment or fifteen thousand dollars.
 - 4. For all tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2003, any producer member who invests cash funds in an eligible new generation cooperative or eligible new generation processing entity may receive a credit against the tax or estimated quarterly tax otherwise due pursuant to chapter 143, other than taxes withheld pursuant to sections 143.191 to 143.265, chapter 147 or chapter 148, in an amount equal to the lesser of fifty percent of such producer member's investment or fifteen thousand dollars. Tax credits claimed in a taxable year may be done so on a quarterly basis and applied to the estimated quarterly tax pursuant to subsection 3 of this section. If a quarterly tax credit claim or series of claims contributes to causing an overpayment of taxes for a taxable year, such overpayment shall not be refunded but shall be applied to the next taxable year.
 - 5. A producer member shall submit to the authority an application for the tax credit authorized by this section on a form provided by the authority. If the producer member meets all criteria prescribed by this section and is approved by the authority, the authority shall issue a tax credit certificate in the appropriate amount. Tax credits issued pursuant to this section may be carried back to any of the producer member's three prior taxable years and carried forward to any of the producer member's five subsequent taxable years regardless of the type of tax liability to which such credits are applied as authorized pursuant to subsection 3 of this section. Tax credits issued pursuant to this section may be assigned, transferred, sold or otherwise conveyed and the new owner of the tax credit shall have the same rights in the credit as the producer member. Whenever a

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67 certificate of tax credit is assigned, transferred, sold or otherwise conveyed, a
68 notarized endorsement shall be filed with the authority specifying the name and
69 address of the new owner of the tax credit or the value of the credit.

- 6. Ten percent of the tax credits authorized pursuant to this section initially shall be offered in any fiscal year to small capital projects. If any portion of the ten percent of tax credits offered to small capital costs projects is unused in any calendar year, then the unused portion of tax credits may be offered to employee-qualified capital projects and large capital projects. If the authority receives more applications for tax credits for small capital projects than tax credits are authorized therefor, then the authority, by rule, shall determine the method of distribution of tax credits authorized for small capital projects.
- 7. Ninety percent of the tax credits authorized pursuant to this section initially shall be offered in any fiscal year to employee-qualified capital projects and large capital projects. If any portion of the ninety percent of tax credits offered to employee-qualified capital projects and large capital costs projects is unused in any fiscal year, then the unused portion of tax credits may be offered to small capital projects. The maximum tax credit allowed per employee-qualified capital project is three million dollars and the maximum tax credit allowed per large capital project is one million five hundred thousand dollars. If the authority approves the maximum tax credit allowed for any employee-qualified capital project or any large capital project, then the authority, by rule, shall determine the method of distribution of such maximum tax credit. In addition, if the authority receives more tax credit applications for employee-qualified capital projects and large capital projects than the amount of tax credits authorized therefor, then the authority, by rule, shall determine the method of distribution of tax credits authorized for employee-qualified capital projects and large capital projects.
- 8. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, no tax credits provided under this section shall be authorized on or after August 28, 2015. The provisions of this subsection shall not be construed to limit or in any way impair the department's ability to issue tax credits authorized prior to August 28, 2015, or a taxpayer's ability to redeem such tax credits.

348.505. 1. As used in this section, "state tax liability", any state tax liability incurred by a taxpayer under the provisions of chapters 143, 147, and 148, exclusive of the provisions relating to the withholding of tax as provided for

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4 in sections 143.191 to 143.265 and related provisions.

- 5 2. Any eligible lender under the family farm livestock loan program under section 348.500 shall be entitled to receive a tax credit equal to one hundred 6 percent of the amount of interest waived by the lender under section 348.500 on a qualifying loan for the first year of the loan only. The tax credit shall be evidenced by a tax credit certificate issued by the agricultural and small business development authority and may be used to satisfy the state tax liability of the 10 11 owner of such certificate that becomes due in the tax year in which the interest 12on a qualified loan is waived by the lender under section 348.500. No lender may receive a tax credit under this section unless such person presents a tax credit 13 certificate to the department of revenue for payment of such state tax 14 liability. The amount of the tax credits that may be issued to all eligible lenders 15 claiming tax credits authorized in this section in a fiscal year shall not exceed 16 17 three hundred thousand dollars.
 - 3. The agricultural and small business development authority shall be responsible for the administration and issuance of the certificate of tax credits authorized by this section. The authority shall issue a certificate of tax credit at the request of any lender. Each request shall include a true copy of the loan documents, the name of the lender who is to receive a certificate of tax credit, the type of state tax liability against which the tax credit is to be used, and the amount of the certificate of tax credit to be issued to the lender based on the interest waived by the lender under section 348.500 on the loan for the first year.
 - 4. The Missouri department of revenue shall accept a certificate of tax credit in lieu of other payment in such amount as is equal to the lesser of the amount of the tax or the remaining unused amount of the credit as indicated on the certificate of tax credit, and shall indicate on the certificate of tax credit the amount of tax thereby paid and the date of such payment.
- 5. The following provisions shall apply to tax credits authorized under this section:
- 33 (1) Tax credits claimed in a taxable year may be claimed on a quarterly 34 basis and applied to the estimated quarterly tax of the lender;
- 35 (2) Any amount of tax credit which exceeds the tax due, including any 36 estimated quarterly taxes paid by the lender under subdivision (1) of this 37 subsection which results in an overpayment of taxes for a taxable year, shall not 38 be refunded but may be carried over to any subsequent taxable year, not to 39 exceed a total of three years for which a tax credit may be taken for a qualified

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- family farm livestock loan; 40
- 41 (3) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, a lender may assign, transfer or sell tax credits authorized under this section, with the new 42 43 owner of the tax credit receiving the same rights in the tax credit as the lender. For any tax credits assigned, transferred, sold, or otherwise conveyed, a 44 notarized endorsement shall be filed by the lender with the authority specifying 46
- the name and address of the new owner of the tax credit and the value of such
- 47 tax credit: and
- 48 (4) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section to the contrary,
- any commercial bank may use tax credits created under this section as provided 49
- in section 148.064 and receive a net tax credit against taxes actually paid in the 50
- amount of the first year's interest on loans made under this section. If such first 51
- year tax credits reduce taxes due as provided in section 148.064 to zero, the 52
- remaining tax credits may be carried over as otherwise provided in this section 53
- and utilized as provided in section 148.064 in subsequent years.
- 6. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, no tax 55
- 56 credits provided under this section shall be authorized on or after
- August 28, 2015. The provisions of this subsection shall not be 57
- construed to limit or in any way impair the department's ability to 58
- issue tax credits authorized prior to August 28, 2015, or a taxpayer's 59
- ability to redeem such tax credits.
 - 375.774. 1. The association shall issue to each insurer paying an
 - assessment under sections 375.771 to 375.779 a certificate of contribution, in
- appropriate form and terms as prescribed by the director, for the amount so paid.
- All outstanding certificates shall be of equal dignity and priority without
- reference to amounts or dates of issue.
- 6 2. A certificate of contribution may be shown by the insurer in its
- financial statements as an admitted asset for such amount and period of time, as 7
- 8 follows:

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- (1) One hundred percent for the calendar year of issuance;
- 10 (2) Sixty-six and two-thirds percent for the first calendar year after the
- 11 year of issuance;
- 12 (3) Thirty-three and one-third percent for the second year after the year
- of issuance which shall be the last year each such certificate shall be carried as
- 14 an asset.
- 3. The insurer shall be entitled to a credit against the premium tax 15

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liability under sections 148.310 to 148.461 for contributions paid to the association. This tax credit shall be taken over a period of the three successive tax years beginning after the year of contribution at the rate of thirty-three and one-third percent, per year, of the contribution paid to the association, and such credit shall not be subject to subsection 1 of section 375.916.

- 4. Any sums recovered by the association representing sums which have theretofore been written off by contributing insurers and offset against premium taxes as provided in subsection 3 of this section shall be paid by the association to the director of revenue who shall handle such funds in the same manner as provided in section 148.380.
- 5. The association shall be exempt from payment of all fees and all capitation or poll and excise taxes levied by this state or any of its political subdivisions and the real and personal property of the association is hereby declared to be property actually and regularly used exclusively for purposes purely charitable and not held for private or corporate profit within the meaning of subdivision (5) of section 137.100, RSMo 1986.
 - 6. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, no tax credits provided under this section shall be authorized on or after August 28, 2013. The provisions of this subsection shall not be construed to limit or in any way impair the department's ability to issue tax credits authorized prior to August 28, 2013, or a taxpayer's ability to redeem such tax credits.

376.745. 1. A member insurer may offset against its premium tax liability to this state an assessment described in section 376.738 to the extent of twenty percent of the amount of such assessment for each of the five calendar years following the year in which such assessment was paid. In the event a member insurer should cease doing business, all uncredited assessments may be credited against its premium tax liability for the year it ceases doing business.

- 2. A member insurer exempt from chapter 148 may offset against its sales or use tax liability to this state an assessment described in section 376.738 to the extent of twenty percent of the amount of such assessment for each of the five calendar years following the year in which such assessment was paid. In the event a member insurer should cease doing business, all uncredited assessments may be credited against its sales or use tax liability for the year it ceases doing business.
 - 3. Any sums which are acquired by refund, pursuant to the provisions of

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section 376.738, from the association by member insurers, and which have theretofore been offset against premium taxes as provided in subsection 1 of this section or have theretofore been offset against sales or use taxes as provided in subsection 2 of this section, shall be paid by such insurers to this state in such manner as the tax authorities may require. The association shall notify the director that such refunds have been made.

4. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, no tax credits provided under this section shall be authorized on or after August 28, 2013. The provisions of this subsection shall not be construed to limit or in any way impair the department's ability to issue tax credits authorized prior to August 28, 2013, or a taxpayer's ability to redeem such tax credits.

376.975. 1. Each member's proportion of participation in the pool shall be determined annually by the board based on annual statements and other reports deemed necessary by the board and filed by the member with it. Any deficit incurred by the pool shall be recouped by assessments apportioned as provided in subsections 1, 2, and 3 of section 376.973 by the board among members. The amount of assessments incurred by each member of the pool shall be allowed as an offset against certain taxes, and shall be subject to certain limitations, as follows: Each pool member subject to chapter 148 may deduct from premium taxes payable for any calendar year to the state any and all assessments paid for the same year pursuant to sections 376.960 to 376.989. All 10 assessments, for a fiscal year, shall not exceed the net premium tax due and 11 12payable by such member in the previous year. If the assessment exceeds any premium tax due or payable in such year, the excess shall be a credit or offset 13 carried forward against any premium tax due or payable in succeeding years until 14the excess is exhausted. 15

2. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, no tax credits provided under this section shall be authorized on or after August 28, 2013. The provisions of this subsection shall not be construed to limit or in any way impair the department's ability to issue tax credits authorized prior to August 28, 2013, or a taxpayer's ability to redeem such tax credits.

447.708. 1. For eligible projects, the director of the department of economic development, with notice to the directors of the departments of natural resources and revenue, and subject to the other provisions of sections 447.700 to

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447.718, may not create a new enterprise zone but may decide that a prospective operator of a facility being remedied and renovated pursuant to sections 447.700 to 447.718 may receive the tax credits and exemptions pursuant to sections 135.100 to 135.150 and sections 135.200 to 135.257. The tax credits allowed pursuant to this subsection shall be used to offset the tax imposed by chapter 143, excluding withholding tax imposed by sections 143.191 to 143.265, or the tax 10 otherwise imposed by chapter 147, or the tax otherwise imposed by chapter 148. Notwithstanding any provisions of law to the contrary, the 11 department shall not authorize tax credits and exemptions pursuant to 12 this subsection after June 30, 2011. For purposes of this subsection: 13

- (1) For receipt of the ad valorem tax abatement pursuant to section 135.215, the eligible project must create at least ten new jobs or retain businesses which supply at least twenty-five existing jobs. The city, or county if the eligible project is not located in a city, must provide ad valorem tax abatement of at least fifty percent for a period not less than ten years and not more than twenty-five years;
- 20 (2) For receipt of the income tax exemption pursuant to section 135.220 and tax credit for new or expanded business facilities pursuant to sections 21 22 135.100 to 135.150, and 135.225, the eligible project must create at least ten new 23 jobs or retain businesses which supply at least twenty-five existing jobs, or 24 combination thereof. For purposes of sections 447.700 to 447.718, the tax credits 25described in section 135.225 are modified as follows: the tax credit shall be four hundred dollars per employee per year, an additional four hundred dollars per 26year for each employee exceeding the minimum employment thresholds of ten and 27twenty-five jobs for new and existing businesses, respectively, an additional four 28 29 hundred dollars per year for each person who is a person difficult to employ as 30 defined by section 135.240, and investment tax credits at the same amounts and levels as provided in subdivision (4) of subsection 1 of section 135.225; 31
- 32 (3) For eligibility to receive the income tax refund pursuant to section 135.245, the eligible project must create at least ten new jobs or retain businesses 33 which supply at least twenty-five existing jobs, or combination thereof, and 34 35 otherwise comply with the provisions of section 135.245 for application and use 36 of the refund and the eligibility requirements of this section;
- (4) The eligible project operates in compliance with applicable 37 environmental laws and regulations, including permitting and registration 38 requirements, of this state as well as the federal and local requirements;

40 (5) The eligible project operator shall file such reports as may be required 41 by the director of economic development or the director's designee;

- (6) The taxpayer may claim the state tax credits authorized by this subsection and the state income exemption for a period not in excess of ten consecutive tax years. For the purpose of this section, "taxpayer" means an individual proprietorship, partnership or corporation described in section 143.441 or 143.471 who operates an eligible project. The director shall determine the number of years the taxpayer may claim the state tax credits and the state income exemption based on the projected net state economic benefits attributed to the eligible project;
- (7) For the purpose of meeting the new job requirement prescribed in subdivisions (1), (2) and (3) of this subsection, it shall be required that at least ten new jobs be created and maintained during the taxpayer's tax period for which the credits are earned, in the case of an eligible project that does not replace a similar facility in Missouri. "New job" means a person who was not previously employed by the taxpayer or related taxpayer within the twelve-month period immediately preceding the time the person was employed by that taxpayer to work at, or in connection with, the eligible project on a full-time basis. "Full-time basis" means the employee works an average of at least thirty-five hours per week during the taxpayer's tax period for which the tax credits are earned. For the purposes of this section, related taxpayer has the same meaning as defined in subdivision (9) of section 135.100;
- (8) For the purpose of meeting the existing job retention requirement, if the eligible project replaces a similar facility that closed elsewhere in Missouri prior to the end of the taxpayer's tax period in which the tax credits are earned, it shall be required that at least twenty-five existing jobs be retained at, and in connection with the eligible project, on a full-time basis during the taxpayer's tax period for which the credits are earned. "Retained job" means a person who was previously employed by the taxpayer or related taxpayer, at a facility similar to the eligible project that closed elsewhere in Missouri prior to the end of the taxpayer's tax period in which the tax credits are earned, within the tax period immediately preceding the time the person was employed by the taxpayer to work at, or in connection with, the eligible project on a full-time basis. "Full-time basis" means the employee works an average of at least thirty-five hours per week during the taxpayer's tax period for which the tax credits are earned;
 - (9) In the case where an eligible project replaces a similar facility that

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76 closed elsewhere in Missouri prior to the end of the taxpayer's tax period in which 77 the tax credits are earned, the owner and operator of the eligible project shall provide the director with a written statement explaining the reason for 78 79 discontinuing operations at the closed facility. The statement shall include a comparison of the activities performed at the closed facility prior to the date the 80 81 facility ceased operating, to the activities performed at the eligible project, and 82 a detailed account describing the need and rationale for relocating to the eligible 83 project. If the director finds the relocation to the eligible project significantly 84 impaired the economic stability of the area in which the closed facility was located, and that such move was detrimental to the overall economic development 85 efforts of the state, the director may deny the taxpayer's request to claim tax 86 benefits; 87

- (10) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, for the purpose of this section, the number of new jobs created and maintained, the number of existing jobs retained, and the value of new qualified investment used at the eligible project during any tax year shall be determined by dividing by twelve, in the case of jobs, the sum of the number of individuals employed at the eligible project, or in the case of new qualified investment, the value of new qualified investment used at the eligible project, on the last business day of each full calendar month of the tax year. If the eligible project is in operation for less than the entire tax year, the number of new jobs created and maintained, the number of existing jobs retained, and the value of new qualified investment created at the eligible project during any tax year shall be determined by dividing the sum of the number of individuals employed at the eligible project, or in the case of new qualified investment, the value of new qualified investment used at the eligible project, on the last business day of each full calendar month during the portion of the tax year during which the eligible project was in operation, by the number of full calendar months during such period;
- (11) For the purpose of this section, "new qualified investment" means new business facility investment as defined and as determined in subdivision (7) of section 135.100 which is used at and in connection with the eligible project. "New qualified investment" shall not include small tools, supplies and inventory. "Small tools" means tools that are portable and can be hand held.
- 2. The determination of the director of economic development pursuant to subsection 1 of this section shall not affect requirements for the prospective purchaser to obtain the approval of the granting of real property tax abatement

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112 by the municipal or county government where the eligible project is located.

- 3. (1) The director of the department of economic development, with the approval of the director of the department of natural resources, may, [in addition to the tax credits allowed in subsection 1 of this section,] grant a remediation tax credit to the applicant for up to one hundred percent of the costs of materials, supplies, equipment, labor, [professional engineering, consulting and architectural fees, permitting fees and expenses, demolition, asbestos abatement, and direct utility charges for performing the voluntary remediation activities for the preexisting hazardous substance contamination and releases, including, but not limited to, the costs of performing operation and maintenance of the remediation equipment at the property beyond the year in which the systems and equipment are built and installed at the eligible project and the costs of performing the voluntary remediation activities over a period not in excess of four tax years following the taxpayer's tax year in which the system and equipment were first put into use at the eligible project, provided the remediation activities are the subject of a plan submitted to, and approved by, the director of natural resources pursuant to sections 260.565 to 260.575. The director of the department of economic development, with the approval of the director of the department of natural resources, may also grant a remediation tax credit to the applicant for up to twenty percent of the costs of professional engineering, consulting, and architectural fees. The tax credit may also include up to one hundred percent of the costs of demolition that are not directly part of the remediation activities, provided that the demolition is on the property where the voluntary remediation activities are occurring, the demolition is necessary to accomplish the planned use of the facility where the remediation activities are occurring, and the demolition is part of a redevelopment plan approved by the municipal or county government and the department of economic development. The demolition may occur on an adjacent property if the project is located in a municipality which has a population less than twenty thousand and the above conditions are otherwise met. The adjacent property shall independently qualify as abandoned or underutilized. The amount of the credit available for demolition not associated with remediation cannot exceed the total amount of credits approved for remediation including demolition required for remediation.
- 146 (2) The amount of remediation tax credits issued shall be limited to the 147 least amount necessary to cause the project to occur, as determined by the

148 director of the department of economic development.

- (3) The director may, with the approval of the director of natural resources, extend the tax credits allowed for performing voluntary remediation maintenance activities, in increments of three-year periods, not to exceed five consecutive three-year periods. The tax credits allowed in this subsection shall be used to offset the tax imposed by chapter 143, excluding withholding tax imposed by sections 143.191 to 143.265, or the tax otherwise imposed by chapter 147, or the tax otherwise imposed by chapter 148.
- The remediation tax credit may be taken in the same tax year in which the tax credits are received or may be taken over a period not to exceed twenty years.
 - (4) The project facility shall be projected to create at least ten new jobs or at least twenty-five retained jobs, or a combination thereof, as determined by the department of economic development, to be eligible for tax credits pursuant to this section.
 - (5) No more than seventy-five percent of earned remediation tax credits may be issued when the remediation costs were paid, and the remaining percentage may be issued when the department of natural resources issues a letter of completion letter or covenant not to sue following completion of the voluntary remediation activities. It shall not include any costs associated with ongoing operational environmental compliance of the facility or remediation costs arising out of spills, leaks, or other releases arising out of the ongoing business operations of the facility. In the event the department of natural resources issues a letter of completion for a portion of a property, an impacted media such as soil or groundwater, or for a site or a portion of a site improvement, a prorated amount of the remaining percentage may be released based on the percentage of the total site receiving a letter of completion.
 - 4. In the exercise of the sound discretion of the director of the department of economic development or the director's designee, the tax credits and exemptions described in this section may be terminated, suspended or revoked, if the eligible project fails to continue to meet the conditions set forth in this section, including creating or retaining the jobs required under subsection 3 of this section. In making such a determination, the director shall consider the severity of the condition violation, actions taken to correct the violation, the frequency of any condition violations and whether the actions exhibit a pattern of conduct by the eligible facility owner and operator. The director shall also consider changes in general economic conditions and the

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recommendation of the director of the department of natural resources, or his or 184 185 her designee, concerning the severity, scope, nature, frequency and extent of any violations of the environmental compliance conditions. The taxpayer or person 186 187 claiming the tax credits or exemptions may appeal the decision regarding termination, suspension or revocation of any tax credit or exemption in 188 189 accordance with the procedures outlined in subsections 4 to 6 of section 190 135.250. The director of the department of economic development shall notify the 191 directors of the departments of natural resources and revenue of the termination, 192 suspension or revocation of any tax credits as determined in this section or pursuant to the provisions of section 447.716. 193

- 5. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, no taxpayer shall earn the tax credits, exemptions or refund otherwise allowed in subdivisions (2), (3) and (4) of subsection 1 of this section and the tax credits otherwise allowed in section 135.110, or the tax credits, exemptions and refund otherwise allowed in sections 135.215, 135.220, 135.225 and 135.245, respectively, for the same facility for the same tax period.
- 200 6. The total amount of the tax credits allowed in subsection 1 of this 201 section may not exceed the greater of:
- 202 (1) That portion of the taxpayer's income attributed to the eligible project; 203 or
 - (2) One hundred percent of the total business' income tax if the eligible facility does not replace a similar facility that closed elsewhere in Missouri prior to the end of the taxpayer's tax period in which the tax credits are earned, and further provided the taxpayer does not operate any other facilities besides the eligible project in Missouri; fifty percent of the total business' income tax if the eligible facility replaces a similar facility that closed elsewhere in Missouri prior to the end of the taxpayer's tax period in which the credits are earned, and further provided the taxpayer does not operate any other facilities besides the eligible project in Missouri; or twenty-five percent of the total business income if the taxpayer operates, in addition to the eligible facility, any other facilities in Missouri. In no case shall a taxpayer operating more than one eligible project in Missouri be allowed to offset more than twenty-five percent of the taxpayer's business income in any tax period. That portion of the taxpayer's income attributed to the eligible project as referenced in subdivision (1) of this subsection, for which the credits allowed in sections 135.110 and 135.225 and subsection 3 of this section, may apply, shall be determined in the same manner

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as prescribed in subdivision (6) of section 135.100. That portion of the taxpayer's franchise tax attributed to the eligible project for which the remediation tax credit may offset, shall be determined in the same manner as prescribed in paragraph (a) of subdivision (6) of section 135.100.

- 7. Taxpayers claiming the state tax benefits allowed in subdivisions (2) and (3) of subsection 1 of this section shall be required to file all applicable tax credit applications, forms and schedules prescribed by the director during the taxpayer's tax period immediately after the tax period in which the eligible project was first put into use. Otherwise, the taxpayer's right to claim such state tax benefits shall be forfeited. Unused business facility and enterprise zone tax credits shall not be carried forward but shall be initially claimed for the tax period during which the eligible project was first capable of being used, and during any applicable subsequent tax periods.
- 8. Taxpayers claiming the remediation tax credit allowed in subsection 3 of this section shall be required to file all applicable tax credit applications, forms and schedules prescribed by the director during the taxpayer's tax period immediately after the tax period in which the eligible project was first put into use, or during the taxpayer's tax period immediately after the tax period in which the voluntary remediation activities were performed.
- 9. The recipient of remediation tax credits, for the purpose of this subsection referred to as assignor, may assign, sell or transfer, in whole or in part, the remediation tax credit allowed in subsection 3 of this section to any other person, for the purpose of this subsection referred to as assignee. To perfect the transfer, the assignor shall provide written notice to the director of the assignor's intent to transfer the tax credits to the assignee, the date the transfer is effective, the assignee's name, address and the assignee's tax period and the amount of tax credits to be transferred. The number of tax periods during which the assignee may subsequently claim the tax credits shall not exceed twenty tax periods, less the number of tax periods the assignor previously claimed the credits before the transfer occurred.
- 10. In the case where an operator and assignor of an eligible project has been certified to claim state tax benefits allowed in subdivisions (2) and (3) of subsection 1 of this section, and sells or otherwise transfers title of the eligible project to another taxpayer or assignee who continues the same or substantially similar operations at the eligible project, the director shall allow the assignee to claim the credits for a period of time to be determined by the director; except

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that, the total number of tax periods the tax credits may be earned by the assignor and the assignee shall not exceed ten. To perfect the transfer, the assignor shall provide written notice to the director of the assignor's intent to transfer the tax credits to the assignee, the date the transfer is effective, the assignee's name, address, and the assignee's tax period, and the amount of tax credits to be transferred.

- 11. For the purpose of the state tax benefits described in this section, in the case of a corporation described in section 143.471 or partnership, in computing Missouri's tax liability, such state benefits shall be allowed to the following:
 - (1) The shareholders of the corporation described in section 143.471;
- 267 (2) The partners of the partnership. The credit provided in this 268 subsection shall be apportioned to the entities described in subdivisions (1) and 269 (2) of this subsection in proportion to their share of ownership on the last day of 270 the taxpayer's tax period.
 - 12. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, no tax credits provided under sections 447.700 to 447.718 shall be authorized on or after August 28, 2015. The provisions of this subsection shall not be construed to limit or in any way impair the department's ability to issue tax credits authorized prior to August 28, 2015, or a taxpayer's ability to redeem such tax credits.

620.1881. 1. The department of economic development shall respond within thirty days to a company who provides a notice of intent with either an approval or a rejection of the notice of intent. The department shall give preference to qualified companies and projects targeted at an area of the state which has recently been classified as a disaster area by the federal government. Failure to respond on behalf of the department of economic 7 development shall result in the notice of intent being deemed an approval for the purposes of this section. A qualified company who is provided an approval for a project shall be allowed a benefit as provided in this program in the amount and duration provided in this section. A qualified company may receive additional 10 periods for subsequent new jobs at the same facility after the full initial period if the minimum thresholds are met as set forth in sections 620.1875 to 12620.1890. There is no limit on the number of periods a qualified company may 14 participate in the program, as long as the minimum thresholds are achieved and the qualified company provides the department with the required reporting and

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16 is in proper compliance for this program or other state programs. A qualified 17 company may elect to file a notice of intent to start a new project period concurrent with an existing project period if the minimum thresholds are 18 19 achieved and the qualified company provides the department with the required 20 reporting and is in proper compliance for this program and other state programs; 21however, the qualified company may not receive any further benefit under the 22original approval for jobs created after the date of the new notice of intent, and any jobs created before the new notice of intent may not be included as new jobs 23 24for the purpose of benefit calculation in relation to the new approval. When a qualified company has filed and received approval of a notice of intent and 2526 subsequently files another notice of intent, the department shall apply the definition of project facility under subdivision (19) of section 620.1878 to the new 27 notice of intent as well as all previously approved notices of intent and shall 28 determine the application of the definitions of new job, new payroll, project 29 facility base employment, and project facility base payroll accordingly. 30

2. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, any qualified company that is awarded benefits under this program may not simultaneously receive tax credits or exemptions under sections 135.100 to 135.150, sections 135.200 to 135.286, section 135.535, or sections 135.900 to 135.906 at the same project facility. The benefits available to the company under any other state programs for which the company is eligible and which utilize withholding tax from the new jobs of the company must first be credited to the other state program before the withholding retention level applicable under the Missouri quality jobs act will begin to accrue. These other state programs include, but are not limited to, the new jobs training program under sections 178.892 to 178.896, the job retention program under sections 178.760 to 178.764, the real property tax increment allocation redevelopment act, sections 99.800 to 99.865, or the Missouri downtown and rural economic stimulus act under sections 99.915 to 99.980. If any qualified company also participates in the new jobs training program in sections 178.892 to 178.896, the company shall retain no withholding tax, but the department shall issue a refundable tax credit for the full amount of benefit allowed under this subdivision. The calendar year annual maximum amount of tax credits which may be issued to a qualifying company that also participates in the new job training program shall be increased by an amount equivalent to the withholding tax retained by that company under the new jobs training program. However, if the combined benefits of the quality jobs program and the new jobs

training program exceed the projected state benefit of the project, as determined by the department of economic development through a cost-benefit analysis, the increase in the maximum tax credits shall be limited to the amount that would not cause the combined benefits to exceed the projected state benefit. Any taxpayer who is awarded benefits under this program who knowingly hires individuals who are not allowed to work legally in the United States shall immediately forfeit such benefits and shall repay the state an amount equal to any state tax credits already redeemed and any withholding taxes already retained.

- 3. The types of projects and the amount of benefits to be provided are:
- (1) Small and expanding business projects: in exchange for the consideration provided by the new tax revenues and other economic stimuli that will be generated by the new jobs created by the program, a qualified company may retain an amount equal to the withholding tax as calculated under subdivision (33) of section 620.1878 from the new jobs that would otherwise be withheld and remitted by the qualified company under the provisions of sections 143.191 to 143.265 for a period of three years from the date the required number of new jobs were created if the average wage of the new payroll equals or exceeds the county average wage or for a period of five years from the date the required number of new jobs were created if the average wage of the new payroll equals or exceeds one hundred twenty percent of the county average wage;
- (2) Technology business projects: in exchange for the consideration provided by the new tax revenues and other economic stimuli that will be generated by the new jobs created by the program, a qualified company may retain an amount equal to a maximum of five percent of new payroll for a period of five years from the date the required number of jobs were created from the withholding tax of the new jobs that would otherwise be withheld and remitted by the qualified company under the provisions of sections 143.191 to 143.265 if the average wage of the new payroll equals or exceeds the county average wage. An additional one-half percent of new payroll may be added to the five percent maximum if the average wage of the new payroll in any year exceeds one hundred twenty percent of the county average wage in the county in which the project facility is located, plus an additional one-half percent of new payroll may be added if the average wage of the new payroll in any year exceeds one hundred forty percent of the average wage in the county in which the project facility is located. The department shall issue a refundable tax credit for any difference

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between the amount of benefit allowed under this subdivision and the amount of withholding tax retained by the company, in the event the withholding tax is not sufficient to provide the entire amount of benefit due to the qualified company under this subdivision;

- (3) High impact projects: in exchange for the consideration provided by the new tax revenues and other economic stimuli that will be generated by the new jobs created by the program, a qualified company may retain an amount from the withholding tax of the new jobs that would otherwise be withheld and remitted by the qualified company under the provisions of sections 143.191 to 143.265, equal to three percent of new payroll for a period of five years from the date the required number of jobs were created if the average wage of the new payroll equals or exceeds the county average wage of the county in which the project facility is located. For high-impact projects in a facility located within two adjacent counties, the new payroll shall equal or exceed the higher county average wage of the adjacent counties. The percentage of payroll allowed under this subdivision shall be three and one-half percent of new payroll if the average wage of the new payroll in any year exceeds one hundred twenty percent of the county average wage in the county in which the project facility is located. The percentage of payroll allowed under this subdivision shall be four percent of new payroll if the average wage of the new payroll in any year exceeds one hundred forty percent of the county average wage in the county in which the project facility is located. An additional one percent of new payroll may be added to these percentages if local incentives equal between ten percent and twenty-four percent of the new direct local revenue; an additional two percent of new payroll is added to these percentages if the local incentives equal between twenty-five percent and forty-nine percent of the new direct local revenue; or an additional three percent of payroll is added to these percentages if the local incentives equal fifty percent or more of the new direct local revenue. The department shall issue a refundable tax credit for any difference between the amount of benefit allowed under this subdivision and the amount of withholding tax retained by the company, in the event the withholding tax is not sufficient to provide the entire amount of benefit due to the qualified company under this subdivision;
- (4) Job retention projects: a qualified company may receive a tax credit for the retention of jobs in this state, provided the qualified company and the project meets all of the following conditions:
 - (a) For each of the twenty-four months preceding the year in which

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application for the program is made the qualified company must have maintained at least one thousand full-time employees at the employer's site in the state at which the jobs are based, and the average wage of such employees must meet or exceed the county average wage;

- (b) The qualified company retained at the project facility the level of full-time employees that existed in the taxable year immediately preceding the year in which application for the program is made;
- (c) The qualified company is considered to have a significant statewide effect on the economy, and has been determined to represent a substantial risk of relocation from the state by the quality jobs advisory task force established in section 620.1887; provided, however, until such time as the initial at-large members of the quality jobs advisory task force are appointed, this determination shall be made by the director of the department of economic development;
- (d) The qualified company in the project facility will cause to be invested a minimum of seventy million dollars in new investment prior to the end of two years or will cause to be invested a minimum of thirty million dollars in new investment prior to the end of two years and maintain an annual payroll of at least seventy million dollars during each of the years for which a credit is claimed; and
- (e) The local taxing entities shall provide local incentives of at least fifty percent of the new direct local revenues created by the project over a ten-year period. The quality jobs advisory task force may recommend to the department of economic development that appropriate penalties be applied to the company for violating the agreement. The amount of the job retention credit granted may be equal to up to fifty percent of the amount of withholding tax generated by the full-time jobs at the project facility for a period of five years. The calendar year annual maximum amount of tax credit that may be issued to any qualified company for a job retention project or combination of job retention projects shall be seven hundred fifty thousand dollars per year, but the maximum amount may be increased up to one million dollars if such action is proposed by the department and approved by the quality jobs advisory task force established in section 620.1887; provided, however, until such time as the initial at-large members of the quality jobs advisory task force are appointed, this determination shall be made by the director of the department of economic development. In considering such a request, the task force shall rely on economic modeling and other information supplied by the department when requesting the increased

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limit on behalf of the job retention project. In no event shall the total amount of all tax credits issued for the entire job retention program under this subdivision exceed three million dollars annually. Notwithstanding the above, no tax credits shall be issued for job retention projects approved by the department after August 30, 2013;

- (5) Small business job retention and flood survivor relief: a qualified company may receive a tax credit under sections 620.1875 to 620.1890 for the retention of jobs and flood survivor relief in this state for each job retained over a three-year period, provided that:
- (a) The qualified company did not receive any state or federal benefits, incentives, or tax relief or abatement in locating its facility in a flood plain;
- (b) The qualified company and related companies have fewer than one hundred employees at the time application for the program is made;
- (c) The average wage of the qualified company's and related companies' employees must meet or exceed the county average wage;
- 175 (d) All of the qualified company's and related companies' facilities are located in this state;
 - (e) The facilities at the primary business site in this state have been directly damaged by floodwater rising above the level of a five hundred year flood at least two years, but fewer than eight years, prior to the time application is made;
 - (f) The qualified company made significant efforts to protect the facilities prior to any impending danger from rising floodwaters;
- (g) For each year it receives tax credits under sections 620.1875 to 620.1890, the qualified company and related companies retained, at the company's facilities in this state, at least the level of full-time, year-round employees that existed in the taxable year immediately preceding the year in which application for the program is made; and
- 188 (h) In the years it receives tax credits under sections 620.1875 to 189 620.1890, the company cumulatively invests at least two million dollars in capital 190 improvements in facilities and equipment located at such facilities that are not 191 located within a five hundred year flood plain as designated by the Federal 192 Emergency Management Agency, and amended from time to time. The amount 193 of the small business job retention and flood survivor relief credit granted may be equal to up to one hundred percent of the amount of withholding tax generated 194 by the full-time jobs at the project facility for a period of three years. The 195

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calendar year annual maximum amount of tax credit that may be issued to any qualified company for a small business job retention and survivor relief project shall be two hundred fifty thousand dollars per year, but the maximum amount may be increased up to five hundred thousand dollars if such action is proposed by the department and approved by the quality jobs advisory task force established in section 620.1887. In considering such a request, the task force shall rely on economic modeling and other information supplied by the department when requesting an increase in the limit on behalf of the small business job retention and flood survivor relief project. In no event shall the total amount of all tax credits issued for the entire small business job retention and flood survivor relief program under this subdivision exceed five hundred thousand dollars annually. Notwithstanding the provisions of this subdivision to the contrary, no tax credits shall be issued for small business job retention and flood survivor relief projects approved by the department after August 30, 2010.

4. The qualified company shall provide an annual report of the number of jobs and such other information as may be required by the department to document the basis for the benefits of this program. The department may withhold the approval of any benefits until it is satisfied that proper documentation has been provided, and shall reduce the benefits to reflect any reduction in full-time employees or new payroll. Upon approval by the department, the qualified company may begin the retention of the withholding taxes when it reaches the minimum number of new jobs and the average wage exceeds the county average wage. Tax credits, if any, may be issued upon satisfaction by the department that the qualified company has exceeded the county average wage and the minimum number of new jobs. In such annual report, if the average wage is below the county average wage, the qualified company has not maintained the employee insurance as required, or if the number of new jobs is below the minimum, the qualified company shall not receive tax credits or retain the withholding tax for the balance of the benefit period. In the case of a qualified company that initially filed a notice of intent and received an approval from the department for high-impact benefits and the minimum number of new jobs in an annual report is below the minimum for high-impact projects, the company shall not receive tax credits for the balance of the benefit period but may continue to retain the withholding taxes if it otherwise meets the requirements of a small and expanding business under this program.

5. The maximum calendar year annual tax credits issued for the entire

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program shall not exceed eighty million dollars. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, the maximum annual tax credits authorized under section 135.535 are hereby reduced from ten million dollars to eight million dollars, with the balance of two million dollars transferred to this program. There shall be no limit on the amount of withholding taxes that may be retained by approved companies under this program.

- 6. The department shall allocate the annual tax credits based on the date of the approval, reserving such tax credits based on the department's best estimate of new jobs and new payroll of the project, and the other factors in the determination of benefits of this program. However, the annual issuance of tax credits is subject to the annual verification of the actual new payroll. The allocation of tax credits for the period assigned to a project shall expire if, within two years from the date of commencement of operations, or approval if applicable, the minimum thresholds have not been achieved. The qualified company may retain authorized amounts from the withholding tax under this section once the minimum new jobs thresholds are met for the duration of the project period. No benefits shall be provided under this program until the qualified company meets the minimum new jobs thresholds. In the event the qualified company does not meet the minimum new job threshold, the qualified company may submit a new notice of intent or the department may provide a new approval for a new project of the qualified company at the project facility or other facilities.
- 7. For a qualified company with flow-through tax treatment to its members, partners, or shareholders, the tax credit shall be allowed to members, partners, or shareholders in proportion to their share of ownership on the last day of the qualified company's tax period.
- 8. Tax credits may be claimed against taxes otherwise imposed by chapters 143 and 148, and may not be carried forward but shall be claimed within one year of the close of the taxable year for which they were issued, except as provided under subdivision (4) of subsection 3 of this section.
- 9. Tax credits authorized by this section may be transferred, sold, or assigned by filing a notarized endorsement thereof with the department that names the transferree, the amount of tax credit transferred, and the value received for the credit, as well as any other information reasonably requested by the department.
- 266 10. Prior to the issuance of tax credits, the department shall verify 267 through the department of revenue, or any other state department, that the tax

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269or penalties on such taxes, or any delinquent fees or assessments levied by any state department and through the department of insurance, financial institutions 270271and professional registration that the applicant does not owe any delinquent 272insurance taxes. Such delinquency shall not affect the authorization of the 273application for such tax credits, except that at issuance credits shall be first 274 applied to the delinquency and any amount issued shall be reduced by the applicant's tax delinquency. If the department of revenue or the department of 275 276 insurance, financial institutions and professional registration, or any other state department, concludes that a taxpayer is delinquent after June fifteenth but 277278before July first of any year and the application of tax credits to such delinquency causes a tax deficiency on behalf of the taxpayer to arise, then the taxpayer shall 279 280be granted thirty days to satisfy the deficiency in which interest, penalties, and 281additions to tax shall be tolled. After applying all available credits toward a tax delinquency, the administering agency shall notify the appropriate department 282and that department shall update the amount of outstanding delinquent tax owed 283 284by the applicant. If any credits remain after satisfying all insurance, income, sales, and use tax delinquencies, the remaining credits shall be issued to the 285 applicant, subject to the restrictions of other provisions of law. 286

credit applicant does not owe any delinquent income, sales, or use tax or interest

- 11. Except as provided under subdivision (4) of subsection 3 of this section, the director of revenue shall issue a refund to the qualified company to the extent that the amount of credits allowed in this section exceeds the amount of the qualified company's income tax.
- 291 12. An employee of a qualified company will receive full credit for the 292 amount of tax withheld as provided in section 143.211.
 - 13. If any provision of sections 620.1875 to 620.1890 or application thereof to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the invalidity shall not affect other provisions or application of these sections which can be given effect without the invalid provisions or application, and to this end, the provisions of sections 620.1875 to 620.1890 are hereby declared severable.
 - 14. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, no tax credits provided under sections 620.1875 to 620.1890 shall be authorized on or after August 28, 2015. The provisions of this subsection shall not be construed to limit or in any way impair the department's ability to issue tax credits authorized prior to August 28, 2015, or a taxpayer's ability to redeem such tax credits.

660.055. 1. Any registered caregiver who meets the requirements of this

- 2 section shall be eligible for a shared care tax credit in an amount not to exceed
- 3 five hundred dollars to defray the cost of caring for an elderly person. In order
- 4 to be eligible for a shared care tax credit, a registered caregiver shall:
 - (1) Care for an elderly person, age sixty or older, who:
- 6 (a) Is physically or mentally incapable of living alone, as determined and
- 7 certified by his or her physician licensed pursuant to chapter 334, or by the
- 8 division of aging staff when an assessment has been completed for the purpose
- 9 of qualification for other services; and
- 10 (b) Requires assistance with activities of daily living to the extent that
- 11 without care and oversight at home would require placement in a facility licensed
- 12 pursuant to chapter 198; and
- 13 (c) Under no circumstances, is able or allowed to operate a motor vehicle;
- 14 and

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- 15 (d) Does not receive funding or services through Medicaid or social
- 16 services block grant funding;
- 17 (2) Live in the same residence to give protective oversight for the elderly
- 18 person meeting the requirements described in subdivision (1) of this subsection
- 19 for an aggregate of more than six months per tax year;
- 20 (3) Not receive monetary compensation for providing care for the elderly
- 21 person meeting the requirements described in subdivision (1) of this subsection;
- 22 and
- 23 (4) File the original completed and signed physician certification for
- 24 shared care tax credit form or the original completed and signed division of aging
- 25 certification for shared care tax credit form provided for in subsection 2 of section
- 26 660.054 along with such caregiver's Missouri individual income tax return to the
- 27 department of revenue.
- 28 2. The tax credit allowed by this section shall apply to any year beginning
- 29 after December 31, 1999.
- 30 3. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010,
- 31 that is created under the authority delegated in sections 660.050 to 660.057 shall
- 32 become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of
- 33 chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. All rulemaking authority
- 34 delegated prior to August 28, 1999, is of no force and effect and
- 35 repealed. Nothing in this section shall be interpreted to repeal or affect the
- 36 validity of any rule filed or adopted prior to August 28, 1999, if it fully complied

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with all applicable provisions of law. This section and chapter 536 are 37 nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective date or to disapprove and annul 39 40 a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 1999, shall be 41 42 invalid and void.

- 43 4. Any person who knowingly falsifies any document required for the 44 shared care tax credit shall be subject to the same penalties for falsifying other 45 tax documents as provided in chapter 143.
- 5. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, no tax credits provided under this section shall be authorized on or after August 28, 2017. The provisions of this subsection shall not be 48 49 construed to limit or in any way impair the department's ability to issue tax credits authorized prior to August 28, 2017, or a taxpayer's 50 51ability to redeem such tax credits.

[135.300. As used in sections 135.300 to 135.311, unless the context requires otherwise, the following terms mean:

- (1) "Missouri forestry industry residue", any residue that results from normal timber harvest or production to include slash, sawdust, shavings, edgings, slabs, leaves, bark, and timber thinnings from timber stand improvements;
- (2) "Processed wood products", wood pellets, cubes, flour, or any product that results from thermal, chemical, or mechanical processes that sufficiently alter the wood residue to be used as an energy source. Hogged wood and chipped wood do not qualify as processed wood energy resources under sections 135.300 to 135.311;
- (3) "Wood energy producer", any person, firm or corporation who engages in the business of producing processed wood products, to be used as an energy source, from Missouri forest industry residues;
- (4) "Wood energy producing facility", a Missouri facility using Missouri forest industry residue to produce processed wood products.]

[135.305. A Missouri wood energy producer shall be eligible for a tax credit on taxes otherwise due under chapter 143, except sections 143.191 to 143.261, as a production incentive to produce

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processed wood products in a qualified wood-producing facility using Missouri forest product residue. The tax credit to the wood energy producer shall be five dollars per ton of processed material. The credit may be claimed for a period of five years and is to be a tax credit against the tax otherwise due. No new tax credits, provided for under sections 135.300 to 135.311, shall be authorized after June 30, 2013.]

[135.307. Any amount of credit which exceeds the tax due shall not be refunded but may be carried over to any subsequent taxable year, not to exceed four years.]

[135.309. The wood energy producer may elect to assign to a third party the approved tax credit. Certification of assignment and other appropriate forms must be filed with the Missouri department of revenue.]

[135.311. When applying for a tax credit the wood energy producer shall make application for the credit to the division of energy of the department of natural resources. The application shall include:

- (1) The number of tons of processed wood products produced during the preceding calendar year;
- (2) The name and address of the person to whom processed products were sold and the number of tons sold to each person;
- (3) Other information which the department of natural resources reasonably requires. The application shall be received and reviewed by the division of energy of the department of natural resources and the division shall certify to the department of revenue each applicant which qualifies as a wood energy-producing facility.]

[135.313. 1. Any person, firm or corporation who engages in the business of producing charcoal or charcoal products in the state of Missouri shall be eligible for a tax credit on income taxes otherwise due pursuant to chapter 143, except sections 143.191 to 143.261, as an incentive to implement safe and efficient environmental controls. The tax credit shall be equal to fifty percent of the purchase price of the best available control technology equipment connected with the production of charcoal in

the state of Missouri or, if the taxpayer manufactures such equipment, fifty percent of the manufacturing cost of the equipment, to and including the year the equipment is put into service. The credit may be claimed for a period of eight years beginning with the 1998 calendar year and is to be a tax credit against the tax otherwise due.

- 2. Any amount of credit which exceeds the tax due shall not be refunded but may be carried over to any subsequent taxable year, not to exceed seven years.
- 3. The charcoal producer may elect to assign to a third party the approved tax credit. Certification of assignment and other appropriate forms must be filed with the Missouri department of revenue and the department of economic development.
- 4. When applying for a tax credit, the charcoal producer specified in subsection 1 of this section shall make application for the credit to the division of environmental quality of the department of natural resources. The application shall identify the specific best available control technology equipment and the purchase price, or manufacturing cost of such equipment. The director of the department of natural resources is authorized to require permits to construct prior to the installation of best available control technology equipment and other information which he or she deems appropriate.
- 5. The director of the department of natural resources in conjunction with the department of economic development shall certify to the department of revenue that the best available control technology equipment meets the requirements to obtain a tax credit as specified in this section.]

[135.535. 1. A corporation, limited liability corporation, partnership or sole proprietorship, which moves its operations from outside Missouri or outside a distressed community into a distressed community, or which commences operations in a distressed community on or after January 1, 1999, and in either case has more than seventy-five percent of its employees at the facility in the distressed community, and which has fewer than one

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42 43 hundred employees for whom payroll taxes are paid, and which is a manufacturing, biomedical, medical devices, scientific research, animal research, computer software design or development, computer programming, including Internet, web hosting, and other information technology, wireless or wired or other telecommunications or a professional firm shall receive a forty percent credit against income taxes owed pursuant to chapter 143, 147 or 148, other than taxes withheld pursuant to sections 143.191 to 143.265, for each of the three years after such move, if approved by the department of economic development, which shall issue a certificate of eligibility if the department determines that the taxpayer is eligible for such credit. The maximum amount of credits per taxpayer set forth in this subsection shall not exceed one hundred twenty-five thousand dollars for each of the three years for which the credit is claimed. The department of economic development, by means of rule or regulation promulgated pursuant to the provisions of chapter 536, shall assign appropriate North American Industry Classification System numbers to the companies which are eligible for the tax credits provided for in this section. Such three-year credits shall be awarded only one time to any company which moves its operations from outside of Missouri or outside of a distressed community into a distressed community or to a company which commences operations within a distressed community. A taxpayer shall file an application for certification of the tax credits for the first year in which credits are claimed and for each of the two succeeding taxable years for which credits are claimed.

2. Employees of such facilities physically working and earning wages for that work within a distressed community whose employers have been approved for tax credits pursuant to subsection 1 of this section by the department of economic development for whom payroll taxes are paid shall also be eligible to receive a tax credit against individual income tax, imposed pursuant to chapter 143, equal to one and one-half percent of their gross salary paid at such facility earned for each of the three years that the facility receives the tax credit provided by this section, so

 long as they were qualified employees of such entity. The employer shall calculate the amount of such credit and shall report the amount to the employee and the department of revenue.

- 3. A tax credit against income taxes owed pursuant to chapter 143, 147 or 148, other than the taxes withheld pursuant to sections 143.191 to 143.265, in lieu of the credit against income taxes as provided in subsection 1 of this section, may be taken by such an entity in a distressed community in an amount of forty percent of the amount of funds expended for computer equipment and its maintenance, medical laboratories and equipment, research laboratory equipment, manufacturing equipment, fiber optic equipment, high speed telecommunications, wiring or software development expense up to a maximum of seventy-five thousand dollars in tax credits for such equipment or expense per year per entity and for each of three years after commencement in or moving operations into a distressed community.
- 4. A corporation, partnership or sole partnership, which has no more than one hundred employees for whom payroll taxes are paid, which is already located in a distressed community and which expends funds for such equipment pursuant to subsection 3 of this section in an amount exceeding its average of the prior two years for such equipment, shall be eligible to receive a tax credit against income taxes owed pursuant to chapters 143, 147 and 148 in an amount equal to the lesser of seventy-five thousand dollars or twenty-five percent of the funds expended for such additional equipment per such entity. Tax credits allowed pursuant to this subsection or subsection 1 of this section may be carried back to any of the three prior tax years and carried forward to any of the five tax years.
- 5. An existing corporation, partnership or sole proprietorship that is located within a distressed community and that relocates employees from another facility outside of the distressed community to its facility within the distressed community, and an existing business located within a distressed community that hires new employees for that facility may both be eligible for the tax credits allowed by subsections 1 and 3 of this

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section. To be eligible for such tax credits, such a business, during one of its tax years, shall employ within a distressed community at least twice as many employees as were employed at the beginning of that tax year. A business hiring employees shall have no more than one hundred employees before the addition of the new employees. This subsection shall only apply to a business which is a manufacturing, biomedical, medical devices, scientific research, animal research, computer software design or development, computer programming or telecommunications business, or a professional firm.

- 6. Tax credits shall be approved for applicants meeting the requirements of this section in the order that such applications are received. Certificates of tax credits issued in accordance with this section may be transferred, sold or assigned by notarized endorsement which names the transferree.
- 7. The tax credits allowed pursuant to subsections 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 of this section shall be for an amount of no more than ten million dollars for each year beginning in 1999. To the extent there are available tax credits remaining under the ten million dollar cap provided in this section, up to one hundred thousand dollars in the remaining credits shall first be used for tax credits authorized under section 135.562. The total maximum credit for all entities already located in distressed communities and claiming credits pursuant to subsection 4 of this section shall be seven hundred and fifty thousand dollars. The department of economic development in approving taxpayers for the credit as provided for in subsection 6 of this section shall use information provided by the department of revenue regarding taxes paid in the previous year, or projected taxes for those entities newly established in the state, as the method of determining when this maximum will be reached and shall maintain a record of the order of approval. Any tax credit not used in the period for which the credit was approved may be carried over until the full credit has been allowed.
- 8. A Missouri employer relocating into a distressed community and having employees covered by a collective bargaining agreement at the facility from which it is relocating

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shall not be eligible for the credits in subsection 1, 3, 4 or 5 of this section, and its employees shall not be eligible for the credit in subsection 2 of this section if the relocation violates or terminates a collective bargaining agreement covering employees at the facility, unless the affected collective bargaining unit concurs with the move.

9. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, no taxpayer shall earn the tax credits allowed in this section and the tax credits otherwise allowed in section 135.110, or the tax credits, exemptions, and refund otherwise allowed in sections 135.200, 135.220, 135.225 and 135.245, respectively, for the same business for the same tax period.]

[135.700. For all tax years beginning on or after January 1, 1999, a grape grower or wine producer shall be allowed a tax credit against the state tax liability incurred pursuant to chapter 143, exclusive of the provisions relating to the withholding of tax as provided in sections 143.191 to 143.265, in an amount equal to twenty-five percent of the purchase price of all new equipment and materials used directly in the growing of grapes or the production of wine in the state. Each grower or producer shall apply to the department of economic development and specify the total amount of such new equipment and materials purchased during the calendar year. The department of economic development shall certify to the department of revenue the amount of such tax credit to which a grape grower or wine producer is entitled pursuant to this section. The provisions of this section notwithstanding, a grower or producer may only apply for and receive the credit authorized by this section for five tax periods.]

[135.750. 1. As used in this section, the following terms mean:

- (1) "Highly compensated individual", any individual who receives compensation in excess of one million dollars in connection with a single qualified film production project;
- (2) "Qualified film production project", any film, video, commercial, or television production, as approved by the department of economic development and the office of the Missouri

film commission, that is under thirty minutes in length with an expected in-state expenditure budget in excess of fifty thousand dollars, or that is over thirty minutes in length with an expected in-state expenditure budget in excess of one hundred thousand dollars. Regardless of the production costs, "qualified film production project" shall not include any:

- (a) News or current events programming;
- (b) Talk show;
- (c) Production produced primarily for industrial, corporate, or institutional purposes, and for internal use;
 - (d) Sports event or sports program;
 - (e) Gala presentation or awards show;
 - (f) Infomercial or any production that directly solicits funds;
 - (g) Political ad;
- (h) Production that is considered obscene, as defined in section 573.010;
- (3) "Qualifying expenses", the sum of the total amount spent in this state for the following by a production company in connection with a qualified film production project:
- (a) Goods and services leased or purchased by the production company. For goods with a purchase price of twenty-five thousand dollars or more, the amount included in qualifying expenses shall be the purchase price less the fair market value of the goods at the time the production is completed;
- (b) Compensation and wages paid by the production company on which the production company remitted withholding payments to the department of revenue under chapter 143. For purposes of this section, compensation and wages shall not include any amounts paid to a highly compensated individual;
- (4) "Tax credit", a credit against the tax otherwise due under chapter 143, excluding withholding tax imposed by sections 143.191 to 143.265, or otherwise due under chapter 148;
- (5) "Taxpayer", any individual, partnership, or corporation as described in section 143.441, 143.471, or section 148.370 that is subject to the tax imposed in chapter 143, excluding withholding tax imposed by sections 143.191 to 143.265, or the tax imposed in

 chapter 148 or any charitable organization which is exempt from federal income tax and whose Missouri unrelated business taxable income, if any, would be subject to the state income tax imposed under chapter 143.

- 2. For all taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 1999, but ending on or before December 31, 2007, a taxpayer shall be granted a tax credit for up to fifty percent of the amount of investment in production or production-related activities in any film production project with an expected in-state expenditure budget in excess of three hundred thousand dollars. For all taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2008, a taxpayer shall be allowed a tax credit for up to thirty-five percent of the amount of qualifying expenses in a qualified film production project. Each film production company shall be limited to one qualified film production project per year. Activities qualifying a taxpayer for the tax credit pursuant to this subsection shall be approved by the office of the Missouri film commission and the department of economic development.
- 3. Taxpayers shall apply for the film production tax credit by submitting an application to the department of economic development, on a form provided by the department. As part of the application, the expected in-state expenditures of the qualified film production project shall be documented. In addition, the application shall include an economic impact statement, showing the economic impact from the activities of the film production project. Such economic impact statement shall indicate the impact on the region of the state in which the film production or production-related activities are located and on the state as a whole.
- 4. For all taxable years ending on or before December 31, 2007, tax credits certified pursuant to subsection 2 of this section shall not exceed one million dollars per taxpayer per year, and shall not exceed a total for all tax credits certified of one million five hundred thousand dollars per year. For all taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2008, tax credits certified under subsection 1 of this section shall not exceed a total for all tax credits certified of four million five hundred thousand dollars per

year. Taxpayers may carry forward unused credits for up to five tax periods, provided all such credits shall be claimed within ten tax periods following the tax period in which the film production or production-related activities for which the credits are certified by the department occurred.

- 5. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, any taxpayer may sell, assign, exchange, convey or otherwise transfer tax credits allowed in subsection 2 of this section. The taxpayer acquiring the tax credits may use the acquired credits to offset the tax liabilities otherwise imposed by chapter 143, excluding withholding tax imposed by sections 143.191 to 143.265, or chapter 148. Unused acquired credits may be carried forward for up to five tax periods, provided all such credits shall be claimed within ten tax periods following the tax period in which the film production or production-related activities for which the credits are certified by the department occurred.
 - 6. Under section 23.253 of the Missouri sunset act:
- (1) The provisions of the new program authorized under this section shall automatically sunset six years after November 28, 2007, unless reauthorized by an act of the general assembly; and
- (2) If such program is reauthorized, the program authorized under this section shall automatically sunset twelve years after the effective date of the reauthorization of this section; and
- (3) This section shall terminate on September first of the calendar year immediately following the calendar year in which the program authorized under this section is sunset.]

[143.119. 1. A self-employed taxpayer, as such term is used in the federal internal revenue code, who is otherwise ineligible for the federal income tax health insurance deduction under Section 162 of the federal internal revenue code shall be entitled to a credit against the tax otherwise due under this chapter, excluding withholding tax imposed by sections 143.191 to 143.265, in an amount equal to the portion of such taxpayer's federal tax liability incurred due to such taxpayer's inclusion of such payments in federal adjusted gross income. The tax credits authorized under this section shall be nontransferable. To the extent tax credit

issued under this section exceeds a taxpayer's state income tax liability, such excess shall be considered an overpayment of tax and shall be refunded to the taxpayer.

2. The director of the department of revenue shall promulgate rules and regulations to administer the provisions of this section. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2007, shall be invalid and void.]

[620.495. 1. This section shall be known as the "Small Business Incubators Act".

- 2. As used in this section, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise, the following words and phrases shall mean:
 - (1) "Department", the department of economic development;
- (2) "Incubator", a program in which small units of space may be leased by a tenant and in which management maintains or provides access to business development services for use by tenants or a program without infrastructure in which participants avail themselves of business development services to assist in the growth of their start-up small businesses;
- (3) "Local sponsor" or "sponsor", an organization which enters into a written agreement with the department to establish, operate and administer a small business incubator program or to provide funding to an organization which operates such a program;
- (4) "Participant", a sole proprietorship, business partnership or corporation operating a business for profit through which the owner avails himself or herself of business development services in an incubator program;
 - (5) "Tenant", a sole proprietorship, business partnership or

corporation operating a business for profit and leasing or otherwise occupying space in an incubator.

- 3. There is hereby established under the direction of the department a loan, loan guarantee and grant program for the establishment, operation and administration of small business incubators, to be known as the "Small Business Incubator Program". A local sponsor may submit an application to the department to obtain a loan, loan guarantee or grant to establish an incubator. Each application shall:
- (1) Demonstrate that a program exists that can be transformed into an incubator at a specified cost;
- (2) Demonstrate the ability to directly provide or arrange for the provision of business development services for tenants and participants of the incubator. These services shall include, but need not be limited to, financial consulting assistance, management and marketing assistance, business education, and physical services;
- (3) Demonstrate a potential for sustained use of the incubator program by eligible tenants and participants, through a market study or other means;
- (4) Demonstrate the ability to manage and operate the incubator program;
- (5) Include such other information as the department may require through its guidelines.
- 4. The department shall review and accept applications based on the following criteria:
- (1) Ability of the local sponsor to carry out the provisions of this section;
 - (2) Economic impact of the incubator on the community;
- (3) Conformance with areawide and local economic development plans, if such exist;
- (4) Location of the incubator, in order to encourage geographic distribution of incubators across the state.
- $5. \ \ Loans, loan \ guarantees \ and \ grants \ shall \ be \ administered$ in the following manner:
 - (1) Loans awarded or guaranteed and grants awarded shall

be used only for the acquisition and leasing of land and existing buildings, the rehabilitation of buildings or other facilities, construction of new facilities, the purchase of equipment and furnishings which are necessary for the creation and operation of the incubator, and business development services including, but not limited to, business management advising and business education;

- (2) Loans, loan guarantees and grants may not exceed fifty percent of total eligible project costs;
- (3) Payment of interest and principal on loans may be deferred at the discretion of the department.
- 6. A local sponsor, or the organization receiving assistance through the local sponsor, shall have the following responsibilities and duties in establishing and operating an incubator with assistance from the small business incubator program:
- (1) Secure title on a facility for the program or a lease of a facility for the program;
- (2) Manage the physical development of the incubator program, including the provision of common conference or meeting space;
- (3) Furnish and equip the program to provide business services to the tenants and participants;
- (4) Market the program and secure eligible tenants and participants;
- (5) Provide financial consulting, marketing and management assistance services or arrange for the provision of these services for tenants and participants of the incubator, including assistance in accessing private financial markets;
 - (6) Set rental and service fees;
- (7) Encourage the sharing of ideas between tenants and participants and otherwise aid the tenants and participants in an innovative manner while they are within the incubator;
- (8) Establish policies and criteria for the acceptance of tenants and participants into the incubator and for the termination of occupancy of tenants so as to maximize the opportunity to succeed for the greatest number of tenants, consistent with those specified in this section.

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93 7. The department: 94 (1) May adopt such rules, statements of policy, procedures, forms and guidelines as may be necessary for the implementation 95 96 of this section: 97 (2) May make loans, loan guarantees and grants to local 98 sponsors for incubators; 99 (3) Shall ensure that local sponsors receiving loans, loan guarantees or grants meet the conditions of this section; 100 (4) Shall receive and evaluate annual reports from local 101 102 sponsors. Such annual reports shall include, but need not be 103 limited to, a financial statement for the incubator, evidence that all 104 tenants and participants in the program are eligible under the 105 terms of this section, and a list of companies in the incubator. 106 8. The department of economic development is also hereby authorized to review any previous loans made under this program 107 108 and, where appropriate in the department's judgment, convert such 109 loans to grant status. 9. On or before January first of each year, the department 110 shall provide a report to the governor, the chief clerk of the house 111 112 of representatives and the secretary of the senate which shall 113 include, but need not be limited to: 114 (1) The number of applications for incubators submitted to 115 the department; (2) The number of applications for incubators approved by 116 the department; 117 (3) The number of incubators created through the small 118 business incubator program; 119 (4) The number of tenants and participants engaged in each 120 121 incubator: (5) The number of jobs provided by each incubator and 122 tenants and participant of each incubator; 123 124 (6) The occupancy rate of each incubator; 125 (7) The number of firms still operating in the state after 126 leaving incubators and the number of jobs they have provided. 10. There is hereby established in the state treasury a 127

special fund to be known as the "Missouri Small Business

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Incubators Fund", which shall consist of all moneys which may be appropriated to it by the general assembly, and also any gifts, contributions, grants or bequests received from federal, private or other sources. Moneys for loans, loan guarantees and grants under the small business incubator program may be obtained from appropriations made by the general assembly from the Missouri small business incubators fund. Any moneys remaining in the Missouri small business incubators fund at the end of any fiscal year shall not lapse to the general revenue fund, as provided in section 33.080, but shall remain in the Missouri small business incubators fund.

11. For any taxable year beginning after December 31, 1989, a taxpayer, including any charitable organization which is exempt from federal income tax and whose Missouri unrelated business taxable income, if any, would be subject to the state income tax imposed under chapter 143, shall be entitled to a tax credit against any tax otherwise due under the provisions of chapter 143, or chapter 147, or chapter 148, excluding withholding tax imposed by sections 143.191 to 143.265, in the amount of fifty percent of any amount contributed by the taxpayer to the Missouri small business incubators fund during the taxpayer's tax year or any contribution by the taxpayer to a local sponsor after the local sponsor's application has been accepted and approved by the department. The tax credit allowed by this subsection shall be claimed by the taxpayer at the time he files his return and shall be applied against the income tax liability imposed by chapter 143, or chapter 147, or chapter 148, after all other credits provided by law have been applied. That portion of earned tax credits which exceeds the taxpayer's tax liability may be carried forward for up to five years. The aggregate of all tax credits authorized under this section shall not exceed five hundred thousand dollars in any taxable year.

12. Notwithstanding any provision of Missouri law to the contrary, any taxpayer may sell, assign, exchange, convey or otherwise transfer tax credits allowed in subsection 11 of this section under the terms and conditions prescribed in subdivisions

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(1) and (2) of this subsection. Such taxpayer, hereinafter the assignor for the purpose of this subsection, may sell, assign, exchange or otherwise transfer earned tax credits:

- (1) For no less than seventy-five percent of the par value of such credits; and
- (2) In an amount not to exceed one hundred percent of annual earned credits. The taxpayer acquiring earned credits, hereinafter the assignee for the purpose of this subsection, may use the acquired credits to offset up to one hundred percent of the tax liabilities otherwise imposed by chapter 143, or chapter 147, or chapter 148 excluding withholding tax imposed by sections 143.191 to 143.265. Unused credits in the hands of the assignee may be carried forward for up to five years. The assignor shall enter into a written agreement with the assignee establishing the terms and conditions of the agreement and shall perfect such transfer by notifying the department of economic development in writing within thirty calendar days following the effective day of the transfer and shall provide any information as may be required by the department of economic development to administer and carry out the provisions of this section. The director of the department of economic development shall prescribe the method for submitting applications for claiming the tax credit allowed under subsection 11 of this section and shall, if the application is approved, certify to the director of revenue that the taxpayer claiming the credit has satisfied all the requirements specified in this section and is eligible to claim the credit.]

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